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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 173 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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More Powers For Centre

CONCURRENT LIST AMENDED

Nehru To Meet Provincial And State Premiers

DRAFTING COMMITTEE DELIBERATIONS

NEW DELHI, July 21 (P. T. I.).

PROVINCIAL and State Premiers met the Drafting Committee at a conference here today to discuss certain amendments to the three lists in the constitution, namely, the Union List, the States List and the Concurrent List.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister and some of his colleagues and officials of the Law and Finance Ministry attended the conference, which lasted over five hours.

In the light of the changed conditions in the country and to ensure uniformity in the administration it was considered desirable to amend the Union List and the Concurrent List, it is understood. Certain items which are now in the state List have been transferred to the Union List.

The provincial premiers, it was learned, did not object to the proposed amendments, the principles of which were agreed to after a full discussion Appropriate amendments will now be drafted and placed before the Constituent Assembly when the lists come up for adoption.

UNION LIST

Among items which the conference decided to be included in the Union List include: Banaras, Aligarh, and Delhi universities and any other university declared by Parliament to be an institution of national importance; institutions for scientific and technical education financed by the Government of India; co-ordination and maintenance of standards of higher education; vital statistics; river valley projects; developments of inter-state rivers and inter-state waterways for purposes of flood control, irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power; social insurance and social security.

It was understood some of the amendments agreed to cover the industrial and labour sphere.

The Concurrent List has also been amended to give more powers to the Centre.

TOMORROW

The conference would resume its discussions tomorrow to discuss financial provisions of the draft constitution and distribution of revenues between the Centre and the provinces as also certain amendments suggested by the Home Ministry pertaining to services and the maintenance of law and order.

The discussion will be of a preliminary character and will be continued on Sunday July 24, by which time. Dr. John Matthai, India's Finance Minister will have returned to India from England to participate in the discussion.

It was learnt that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will meet the Premiers of the provinces and States Unions on Saturday next and hold informal discussions about the internal situation food problem and other urgent domestic issues.

GRIM DREAM VICTIM

MADRAS, July 21, (P. T. I.): Because of a dream on the previous night in which he was asked by a "divine power" to sacrifice his son, Kannimuthu Gouder is alleged to have chopped off the head of his five-year-old with a chisel, in Kalukara village, according to an Udumalpet report published here.

The man has been arrested by the police and remanded to custody, the report added.

CLASHES IN JAVA

Dutch Reports

BATAVIA, July 21 (UPA).

FIERCE fighting between Dutch troops and Indonesian guerillas with "heavy" Indonesian losses was reported today by Dutch authorities.

Meanwhile, informal Indonesian-Dutch cease-fire talks were expected to be reopened on Monday at Jogjakarta.

Increased guerilla activity was reported at Semarang in the Malang area in eastern Java, in the Sukabumi area, 50 miles south of Batavia and in West Java.

Dutch officials said: "In the West Java clashes, considerable losses were inflicted on the guerillas". Some surrenders by Republican soldiers were reported from South Sumatra.

Dr. Jan Van Royen, chief Netherlands delegate to the Indonesian peace talks, and members of the delegation are expected to pay a second visit to the Republican capital of Jogjakarta on Sunday for final discussions on a cease-fire agreement, reports PTI-Reuter.

Members of the United Nations Commission on Indonesia will go with them.

BRITAIN TO SUPPLY CAPITAL GOODS

Release Of Adequate Sterling To India Likely

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, July 21.

I AM in a position to disclose that the British Government has assured India that it would give top priority to supply this country with capital goods which were so far imported from dollar countries and which U.K. can now supply.

Britain would also release adequate sterling to meet India's current needs and would make available dollars to meet India's most urgent expenditure, I learn.

The progressive total value of licences for import of capital goods issued from the beginning of December 1944 to the end of December 1948 amounts to Rs. 198.93 crores, it is learnt here,

Imports from U.K. amounted to 139,80,00,000, from U.S.A. Rs. 35,95,00,000 from Denmark Rs. 5,07,00,000, from Japan Rs. 6,13,00,000, from Switzerland Rs. 3,04,00,000 and from Belgium, Sweden, Australia, Canada over one crore each.

India imported from U.K. and other sources machinery worth Rs. 70 crores in 1948 including jute, cotton, and textile machinery worth Rs. 24 crores, electrical machinery worth Rs. 13 crores, machine tools worth Rs. 4 crores and mining machinery worth Rs. 1 crore. It has been suggested that licensing of capital goods was unnecessary and should be placed on Open General Licence.

COMMITTEE SET UP

These suggestions are presently engaging the attention of the Government and a committee of five industrialists has been set up to prepare a list of such machinery which could be placed on O.G.L. without detriment to home industries.

No decision, however, could be reached till the Finance Minister returns from London and places the outcome of the London Conference before the Government.

India has imported Rupees ten crores worth of British electrical goods, including electrical generators, motors and other electrical machinery till June 1 this year, it was learnt here today. India, it is understood, tops the list of Commonwealth countries that received three-fifths of Britain's electrical exports in the first months of this year.

ECOSOC SESSION IN GENEVA

The eighteen-member United Nations Economic and Social Council opened its ninth session at the Palais des Nations, Geneva, on July 5, to consider the economic development of under-developed countries, measures to increase world food supplies and to look into the reports from all the U. N. specialized agencies such as the I.L.O. Photo shows some of the members of the Indian Delegation at the opening of the plenary session of the Council. The Indian delegation is led by Shri. R. Pillai, who is seated third from right.—PIB.

All-India Legislation On Evacuee Property

PAKISTAN'S OBJECTION SILLY, SAYS AYYANGAR

NEW DELHI, July 21 (P.T.I.).

TWO Ministers of the Government of India, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar and Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, Minister for Rehabilitation, today charged the Pakistan Government with breaches of the Karachi Agreement on evacuee property.

They were addressing the Conference on evacuee property which met here today at the invitation of the Ministry of Rehabilitation.

The conference held two sessions during the day and discussed the problem of evacuee property for about seven hours.

The general trend of comment was severely critical of what was described as the indulgent policy of the Government of India towards the Pakistan Government. It was stated that law or no law the Pakistan Government were determined to take over, and were in actual practice taking over, all non-Muslim property in Pakistan. It was, therefore, stressed that the Government of India should also tighten their evacuee property law.

The consensus of opinion was against any further negotiations being held with the Pakistan Government unless the latter agreed to a Government-to-Government Exchange of all urban and agricultural evacuee property.

SEVERE CRITICISM

Mr. Ayyangar described as the "biggest falsehood" Pakistan's accusation that in taking up the attitude that they did at the last Inter-Dominion Conference at Karachi, the Government of India had committed a breach of the January agreement. "If there was any party which committed a breach of that agreement", he said, "it is Pakistan, and, instances are numerous in which Pakistan has not implemented that particular agreement in the spirit in which it was entered into."

Mr. Ayyangar said that it was the Government's intention to replace the different Ordinances on evacuee property now in force at the Centre and in the Provinces by an All-India Law. Government would like the Legislature to pass such a law when it met next for its legislative session.

Evacuee property existed all over India. One of the things which Pakistan had taken exception to was that according to their understanding of the January agreement, the Government of India bound themselves down to apply the evacuee property law only to certain specific areas.

AGREEMENT STANDS

This was a complete distortion of the terms of the January Agreement, Mr. Ayyangar said. Apart from the ordinances which were recently passed, laws relating to evacuee property existed in places other than the defined area even before the signing of the agreement.

"It was not our intention to confine the evacuee property law or the enforce-

(Continued on Page 7)

Chiang Ready To Flee

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Pieping Radio claimed in a broadcast, picked up here tonight, that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and other "leading war criminals," were feverishly preparing to flee from Canton because of the new Communist advance to the south. The Nationalist Defence Ministry and other Government organs had already fled, the Radio said. (SEE PAGE 10)

Jumped From Death Under Train, Drowned

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

A tragic incident occurred on the railway bridge spanning the river Mahi between Timba and Sevalia stations yesterday. As the river was in spate, about 25 workers were crossing it by walking over the bridge.

When they were half way through to their great consternation, they saw a shuttle train coming from the opposite direction. There were only two alternatives before them—either to be crushed to death under the train or to jump in the river. The driver, however, stopped the train and picked up more than 12 of the workers. But nine, including five women, had already jumped into the river and only one was able to save himself by swimming across.

MERCHANT STABBED TO DEATH IN RUNNING TRAIN

ALLAHABAD, July 21 (PTI): The stab-marked body of a passenger—identified as that of Mr. Jwala Prasad Saraf, a bullion merchant of Calcutta—was found in a first class compartment of the Delhi-Howrah Express when its door was broken open at the Allahabad station this morning.

It is stated that when the train reached Kanpur, his relatives who were in the adjoining compartment knocked at his door, but there was no response. They knocked at the door again, on their arrival at Allahabad station. Still there was no reply. They then reported the matter to the station authorities who broke open the door. They found him lying dead on the floor of the compartment with stab wounds on the neck and abdomen.

Mr. Saraf was the only occupant of the compartment. According to a relative of the deceased, cash and ornaments worth about Rs. 5,000 were robbed from his suit cases.

DELHI FLOODED AFTER HEAVY RAINS

Refugee Life Dislocated

NEW DELHI, July 21 (PTI).

HEAVY and almost incessant showers for 48 hours up to noon today in Delhi have flooded streets, caused a number of house collapses and dislocated traffic. Nine inches of rain have been recorded during this period, of which over three inches fell in three hours early today.

Buses, cars, cycles and tonga carrying the capital's office workers waded through the inundated streets and many of the vehicles broke down. Pedestrians were completely drenched. Railway traffic was disrupted and two G. I. P. trains were cancelled today and another was brought back after it had proceeded a few miles.

The worst-affected of the city's dwellers were the refugees living in huts and tents in refugee townships and camps in eight areas of the city. Many hutments have fallen, 31 of them in one township. The life of 18,000 refugees has been dislocated.

Police stopped a procession of about 100 refugees who marched to the Secretariat to explain to the authorities the damage done to their living quarters.

Several mud-houses quartering the city's workers also collapsed. Water also rushed into Government quarters in low-lying areas and at one stage it was over two feet deep in many of the houses.

No casualties have, however, been reported today.

EXPLANATION

A spokesman of the Meteorological Department said that for the last two days the monsoon had been very active over the East Punjab, U. P., Bihar, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Assam where widespread and locally heavy rainfall had occurred. Such a situation, the spokesman explained, developed every year during the monsoon once or twice and gave copious rainfall along and near the Himalayas from the East Punjab to Assam and caused floods in the Himalayan rivers.

The spokesman added that as the rainfall in the sub-Himalayan region was heavy, it was very likely that more rain might have fallen in the Himalayan region and its consequences would be shown in the rise of the level of the rivers emanating from the Himalayas in one or two days. The outlook for the next two days was moderate, he said.

Full Accord In Karachi

THREE POINTS IN DISPUTE CLEARED

Military Conference Will End Today

KARACHI, July 21 (P T I.-Reuter).

FULL agreement has been reached on the three outstanding points in dispute regarding occupation of three positions along the cease-fire line from Manavar in the south in Jammu to Keran in the north at the joint Indo-Pakistan Military Conference held today.

Representatives of India and Pakistan, it was understood mutually agreed that two strategic hill positions near Patrana, 18 miles south and south-east of Naoshera, should now fall within the Indian side of the cease-fire line.

The third disputed position regarding a small stretch of territory 30 miles beyond Tithwal along the Keran line, it was agreed, should be on the side of Pakistan.

The agreement was reached on the basis of factual positions held by the respective troops on the first day of the cease-fire.

In the cease-fire line from Chakti in Uri to Tithwal, Indian troops will continue to hold the dominating hill feature of Khailadir, which over looks Pir Kanthi and Ledi Gai.

The conference is expected to conclude tomorrow when two important positions, namely part of Kishenganga River from Keran to Gurez and the 13,000-feet-high strategic Burzil Pass will be discussed.

Immediately after this morning's session, the Indian delegation had a private discussion with Lieut.-Gen. Delvoie, Military Adviser to the U.N. Kashmir Commission. A similar discussion between Pakistan delegates and the Military Adviser is also scheduled.

Plans To Give Arms Aid To Burma Said To Be Well In Hand

LONDON, July 21 (PTI-Reuter).

ARRANGEMENTS for meeting Burmese requirements of military equipment are so far as possible well in hand, Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, told Parliament today.

Mr. Walter Scott-Elliot (Labour) had asked what had been done to give practical effect to the recent decision of India, Pakistan and Ceylon jointly with the British Government to assist the Government of Burma.

Mr. Noel-Baker replied: "As the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs said on June 27, the Government of the Union of Burma do not at the moment propose to avail themselves of the offer of financial assistance made by the British Government and by the Governments of India, Pakistan and Ceylon.

"Burmese requirements of military equipment have been studied in Rangoon by representatives of the countries concerned and arrangements made for meeting them are, so far as possible, well in hand".

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A most powerful, highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma "Asthma Relief Chitrakot Kamad Hills Herbs" relieves asthma radically by one single dose taken on 8-8-49 full moon. Correspondence in English. Mahatma Tapsi Baba, Ramgufa, P.O. Chitrakot (Banda), U. P. 965

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

For Sale:—One BG Saddle Tank Locomotive of British Make. Year of Manufacture 1903. Parties interested in its purchase, should apply to the Stores Controller, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur—4, for specification, terms and conditions on or before Monday, the 15th August, 1949 5194

Dunlopillo—The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army & Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay, M/S Good Housekeeping Co. Ltd., 38, Queen's Road Bombay and M/S Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 & 286, Hornby Road, Bombay. 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION LTD.,

No. 10 Mount Road, Madras.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 23rd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Association will be held on SATURDAY, the 24th September, 1949, at 3 p.m. at No. 10, Mount Road, Madras, the Registered Office of the Association for the transaction of the following business.

(a) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1948.

(b) To elect an Auditor or Auditors for the Association and fix his or their remuneration.

(c) To elect two Directors for the Association in the place of Messrs. D. K. Krishnamachari and C. Krishnamoorthy Mudaliar, who retire this year. Applications from persons possessing the necessary qualifications and who are prepared to accept office as elected Directors are invited to send their applications addressed to the General Secretary in accordance with our Articles of Association.

(d) To sanction payment of a bonus to Office Staff not exceeding two months salary.

N.B.—Policyholders desirous of attending the meeting should apply to the General Secretary of the Association for a certificate of admission, such applications to reach the Association not less than 5 days before the date of the meeting.

By Order of the Board.
C. M. SRINIVASAN,
General Secretary.

Madras, dated: 12th July, 1949

5199

PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

Rules (a) to regulate Ganpati Procession and (b) to control melas by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, under the Bombay City Police Act.

No. 9798/75-E. Under the provisions of section 23 of the Bombay City Police Act (IV of 1902), the followng rules (a) to regulate religious processions during the Ganpati Festival of 1949 and (b) to control melas in Greater Bombay are hereby notified:—

(a) TO REGULATE RELIGIOUS PROCESSIONS.

(1) Ganpatis that are to be taken in procession to Chaupati will assemble between the following points on the roads mentioned below upto 3 p.m. and will start from these points at that time in the order in which they take up their positions and must reach Chaupati by 6 p.m. (Standard Time):—

Madhav Baug and the corner of KIKA STREET, Null Bazar, Bhuleshwar, Kabutarkhana and the corner of Cowasji Patel Tank Road.

Khetwadi Main Road, between the corner of Ardeshir Dady Street and Cowasji Patel Tank Road.

Ardeshir Dady Street from the corner of Khetwadi Main Road to Vithalbhai Patel Road.

(2) The principal route for the procession will be as follows:—

From the corner of Cowasji Patel Tank Road down Vithalbhai Patel Road, Sandhurst Road over Sandhurst Bridge to Chaupati Foreshore.

An alternative route will be from the corner of Kumbhartukda down Thakurdwar Road to Girgaum Road, thence down Girgaum Road to Portuguese Church via Charni Road to Vithalbhai Patel Road and onwards by the route laid down above.

Those wishing to go from Duncan Road on to Sandhurst Road direct to Chaupati will be allowed to do so.

(3) Ganpatis from the north of Tardeo junction must go by Falkland Bridge and Lamington Road and Ganpatis from the south of Tardeo junction must go via Tardeo Road, Nana's chowk and Harvey Road to Chaupati.

(4) No Ganpatis unless carried singly or by a single individual will be allowed to be taken through the streets in procession without a pass. If carried in a Palkhi or other conveyances, a pass is necessary.

(5) No Mela or Band with or without a Ganpati will be allowed to proceed through the streets without a pass.

(6) In addition to a Mela or Band only one cart for (Chowghada) music will be allowed to accompany a Ganpati.

(7) Carriages containing Ganpatis will not be allowed to join in the procession except with special permission, and no carriage containing a Ganpati will be allowed to proceed beyond the junction of Sandhurst Road and Vitahlbhai Patel Road on the way to Chaupati.

(8) Persons wishing to obtain special permission from the Commissioner of Police to carry Ganpatis in carriages must specify in their applications, the size of the Ganpati they intend to convey, which will have to be verified by the Officer in charge of the sections in which they reside. Such special permission will only be granted for Ganpatis that are too large to be carried in a Palkhi.

(9) All applications for passes and special permission must be made by applicants in person at the office of the jurisdictional Superindent of Police, ten clear days before the passes and special permission are required; otherwise the issue of passes and special permission may be delayed or refused.

(10 The above rules apply to the Ganpati processions on the two principal days of the festival, viz., Gowri and Anant Chaturdashi i.e., Thursday the 1st September and Tuesday the 6th September 1949 respectively.

(b) TO CONTROL "MELAS".

Rules under section 23 of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902.

I. No person or persons shall organise any "Melas" in Greater Bombay without a permit from the Commissioner of Police.

II. Every application for a permit shall be in writing which must be delivered at the office of the Commissioner of Police at least twenty-one clear days before the festival together with the script of the songs, plays, etc., intended to be sung or performed by the "Mela".

III. No organiser of a "Mela" shall employ a boy or a girl below the age of 10 or a female over the age of 12 as artiste in the "Mela".

IV. A permit granted for "Mela" shall not be transferable and shall be for the use of only the person or persons to whom it is granted.

V. Every holder of a permit shall produce it before any Police Officer who demands to see it.

VI. A fee of annas eight shall be charged for every permit. It (fee) must be deposited in my office along with the application and it will be returned to the applicant if his application is rejected.

VII. The Commissioner of Police shall have absolute discretion to determine whether a permit for a "Mela" shall or shall not be granted to any applicant and the conditions under which any such permit should be granted.

VIII. The Commissioner of Police shall also have the power in his absolutee discretion at any time to cancel any permit granted under these rules.

M. M. CHUDASAMA,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 6th June, 1949.

(5206)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 18,000 axle box dust shields. Tender form and drawing obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2 8/- per set, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date Tuesday, the 16th August 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 5198

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from The India United Mills, Ltd., No. 1 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday, the 26th July, 1949, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 5197

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Paint Enamel Royal Red will be received by the Stores Engineering Officer up to noon on Monday 1st August, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. (5201)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI.

PRESS NOTE

IN ORDER that small consumers of tin may obtain their requirements at a reasonable price, some tin is being issued from Government stocks for resale to a number of metal merchants subject to the condition that no tin will be re-sold except to genuine consumers, that the resale prices does not exceed 2.1/2 p.c. over the issue price and that monthly sales statements will be submitted. The current resale price ex godown has been fixed at Rs. 432 per cwt. based on the current issue rate of Rs. 421 per cwt. The public is invited to report to the undersigned any case of sale above Rs. 432 per cwt.

D. P. ANTIA
Development Officer (Metals)
Directorate General of Industries & Supplies

CDI/F2/342/49
New Delhi.
Dated: 12.7.49. 5204

LOSS OF BOMBAY PORT TRUST DEBENTURES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Bombay Port Trust Debenture, as detailed below, originally standing in the name of Sarladevi Naranji and now standing in the name of by whom it has not been endorsed, has been recently stolen, lost or destroyed. Payment of the said Debenture and interest thereon has been stopped, and duplicate of the said Debenture will be issued to the proprietor upon the expiration of three years from the date hereof. The interest accruing due on the said Debenture will also be paid to the proprietor thereof. Any person having any claim to the said debenture or to the interest due thereon of any nature whatsoever is hereby required to forthwith make known the same to the said Port Trustees at their office in Bombay. All claims made after the expiration of the said period of three years will be considered waived and of no effect.

Dated the Twentieth day of July, 1949.

(Sd.) SARLADEVI NARANJI,
Proprietor of the lost Debenture.
Countersigned.
C. F. LYNN,
Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust.

Particulars of Bond mentioned above:—

No.	Year of Loan	Value Rs.
11014	1905	1,000/-

352

LEGAL NOTICES

SALE NOTICE

MY CLIENTS have agreed to purchase the undermentioned property from SHRI JAGIRSING RAMDUTT, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.

Any person having any claim against the said property in any manner whatsoever is requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the claim, if any, will be considered as waived and sale completed.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that vacant piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground, situate at Mahim Bazar Cross Road, Mahim, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,003 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 102-106, 411 and New No. 3659, Old Survey Nos. 129-130 and New Survey No. 1/136 and Cadastral Survey No. 759 part of Mahim Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under G. Ward Nos. 5699(3) and 5700(1) street Nos. 175B, 26.

(Sd.) S. S. LULLA,
Advocate for the Petitioner,
46, Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay. (5200)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss destruction or misplacement of Policy No. 26889 of the EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO., LTD. Bombay, on the life of Mr. DEJU CHEENKRA for Rs. 1,000/- a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within a fortnight from this date.

(Sd.) K. N. SAMANT
Manager (5202)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1328 of 1938.

MINOCHER DOSABHOY PATEL ..... Plaintiff

Versus

BYRAMSHAW MANECKSHAW SUKHADWALA ..... Defendant

and

MANECKJI JIWANJI BHOMISHAW ..... Assignee of decree

WHEREAS in pursuance of a warrant of Sale of immovable property, dated the 21st day of June, 1949, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the Assignee of Decree all the right, title and interest of the defendant subject to the rights of the Mortgagees and without prejudice to his right to deal with the attached property in terms of his security towards the satisfaction of the said decree in the following property.

All that piece of land of Pension and Tax Tenure but since redeemed together with the dwelling house thereon, situate at Girgaon Road, admeasuring according to the old title deeds 359 square yards and according to the Cadastral Survey 352 square yards bearing Municipal Street No. 607 and 607A.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 22nd day of August, 1949, lodge in my Office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1949

A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner. 5188

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT AT BOMBAY

S. Suit No. 1185 of 1949

MANECKLAL BHIMJI ... Plaintiff

Versus

FULCHAND GOVINDJI ..... Defendant.

WARRANT FOR ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT UNDER O. 38, R. 5 C.P.C.

To The Sheriff of Bombay, Greeting: Whereas the Court by an order, dated 24th June, 1949, directed the proper warrant to issue against the defendant. NOW we command you that you do call upon the defendant on or before the 29th July, 1949, either to furnish security in the sum of Rs. 3,000/- or to produce and place at the disposal of the Court when required the property described in the schedule herto or the value of the same, or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to fulfil the decree in this suit, or to appear and show cause why he should not furnish such security and that the defendant be and he is given liberty to bring on the said matter for argument earlier on giving the Plaintiff's Advocate 48 hours notice in writing in that behalf We further command you to attach the said property until the said day or until further orders of a judge and we lastly command you to return this Warrant immediately after the execution thereof with an endorsement certifying the date and manner in which it has been executed or why it has not been executed.

This 25th day of June, 1949.

S. E. ENGINEER,
Registrar,
City Civil Court, Bombay.

Seal of City Civil Court Bombay. P. A. DHRUVA, Sealer.

The 25th day of June, 1949.

Mr. M. D. SHAH.
Advocate for the Plaintiff.

SCHEDULE

The amount to the extent of Rs. 3,000/- lying with Messrs. M. C. Mehta, residing and carrying on business at Old Hanuman Lane, Bombay in respect of the Surplus amount of the sale proceeds and belonging to the defendant abovenamed. 5207

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 7869 yds. of MERCERISED RIGMEL SHRUNR POPLIN 31/32" in 10 convenient lots on Monday 1st August 1949 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our rooms, at 120, Apollo Street, Fort.

The goods are being sold under instructions from Mr. Prem Motwani and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers M. Rowe & Rowe.

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit. For full particulars apply to:

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Re: ESTATE OF MRS. RATANBAI J. PARDIWALLA ...Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late RATANBAI, widow of Jehangirji Pestonji Pardiwalla, late of 71 Tardeo Road, Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, carrying on agency business in the name of Messrs. Pardiwalla Bros. at Bombay and who died on the 21st July, 1948, at 71, Tardeo Road, Bombay, aforesaid and Probate to whose Will was granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 20th day of May 1949, to Jehangir Scrabji Bapasola and Hormasji Cawasji Meherji Rana both of Bombay the Executors named in the Will of the deceased are requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executors, at their office in Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, after which date the Executors will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have received notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

And all persons indebted to or holding any Securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the Securities or the property as the case may be to the said Executors at the office of the said Attorneys Messrs. Little & Co., at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 20th day of July, 1949.

LITTLE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors. 5205

AN INSPIRING TALE OF LOVE SET TO LYRIC!
NAVYUG'S Musical Hit

Sajan Ka Ghar

RANJANA, JAIRAJ
8TH WEEK AT
KRISHNA
Daily 3-30, 6-30
9-30 p.m.
Sun. 1 P.M.
A "JAYANT" RELEASE

BAD SON who became the very PARAGON of FILIAL DEVOTION
VISHNU'S Mythological

BHAKTA PUNDLIK

SUSHIL KUMAR, RANI PREMLATA, SOFIA
Director: DHIRUBHAI DESAI
MAJESTIC
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30
Also at BANDRA Talkies, Bandra

STOP THAT
COLD WITH
VAPEX
INHALANT
Breathe the pleasant, fragrant vapour from your handkerchief or use the handy Vapex Inhaler.
THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD. ENGLAND.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

ADVANCES MADE AGAINST SECURITIES, BULLION, GOODS, ETC.

Local Head Offices
CALCUTTA-BOMBAY-MADRAS
and over 400 Branches and Sub-offices throughout India Pakistan, Burma & Ceylon

London Office
25, Old Broad Street

SAURASHTRA NEWSLETTER

LANDLORDS' TALE OF WOE

Plea For A Commission To Protect Their Rights

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

THE land-holders of Saurashtra have come out with their tale of woe. They hold that the recent ordinance of the Saurashtra Government which sought to end the dispute between the "Girasdars" (land-holders) and the cultivators has not done justice to their claims and they are asking for the appointment of a Commission to inquire into their grievances.

This move, however is resented by the enlightened section of the public who saw in the Government's decision a hope for better and faster production, and an end to the recent disputes which were holding up food production.

The Girasdars' objections to the Saurashtra Government's Ordinance are four fold: (1) They say that the award whittles down the terms of a formula previously agreed to. The maximum number of acres of arable land for self-cultivation had been fixed at 360, but now under the award it is 320 acres; likewise the minimum has been reduced to 80 from 120 acres. (2) They feel that the formalities which have to be gone through are likely to delay the transfer of self-cultivated land till 1952, even on a conservative estimate. (3) The award, in their opinion, rules out the possibility of several girasias whose names are not on the records of the Western India States Agency or of the covenating Kathiawar States in January 1948, acquiring any right to their self-cultivated land, (4) The reservation in favour of maintaining the 'status quo' in respect of land cultivated by tenants at will, who happen to be members of co-operative societies, threatens to deprive some girasdars of their legitimate right to self-cultivated land.

Nor are the peasants satisfied on their part. The tenant-farmers point out six flaws in the ordinance of July 11. In the first place, the ordinance framed on the basis of the Bombay Government's tenancy legislation, cuts as its very root by allotting to the "girasdars" 320 acres for self-cultivation, while the Bombay measure restricts the area to 50 acres.

Secondly, the measure sacrifices the interests of the peasantry to the landed aristocracy. While the peasants are made to pay land revenue dues roughly calculated on the basis of five annas per acre of "jarayat" land and 10 annas per acre of "bagayat" land, the Taluqdars are to pay only four annas per acre on self-cultivated land and 12-1/2 per cent of the gross land revenue receipts from lands not cultivated by them.

Thirdly, the ordinance ignores the fact that the "girasdars" possessing anything between 80 and 120 acres of self-cltivated land, who constitute the bulk of the landed aristocracy may exploit the needy cultivators who do not have opportunities for employment in other walks of life. Saurashtra's backwardness in industry will help such exploitation.

Fourthly, the ordinance defeats itself by allocating 320 acres of land for private cultivation to every taluqdar. The evils of the zamindari system which is being abandoned in other parts of India are sought to be fossilized in Saurashtra. The ordinance does not provide for state aid to impecunious cultivators. Mamlatdars are invested with discretionary powers which are too wide.

ANNAPURNA MANURE.

The Saurashtra Government has recently requisitioned Dr. Purohit's "annapurna" manure from Vallabh-Vidyanagar. The Saurashtra Government has taken this action in conjunction with the centrally administered province of Kutch, Hyderabad State, the Madras Province and the Phalton and Akola Divisions. It may be recalled that Pandit Nehru, and the Food Minister Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram have seen the efficacy of this manure.

It is claimed that the use of this manure raises the maximum length of an ear of bajri to 27 inches with a circumference of half an inch. The length of an ear of maize was likewise raised to 18 inches. These observations were made a month after sowing.

The Saurashtra Government have also launched a campaign to make the peasants realise the value of cow-dung manure. It may be recalled that Mr. F. L. Brayne, former Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction in the Punjab had pointed out that if the cultivators in the Punjab could be induced to throw co-dung in their fields instead of burning it as fuel at the staggering rate of eight tins per family of five every year, they might add six crores of rupees to the wealth of the province.

MITHAPUR CHEMICALS.

Mr. Gaganvihari Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board, accompanied by his collegues, visited the Tata Chemical Works at Mithapur, on the Kathiawar coast on July 15, to inquire into the circumstances leading to the accumulation of soda ash in the factory. The chemical was being manufactured at the rate of 120 tons per day, and there was no effectual demand for this large output. As a result, the factory was locked out, throwing many trained workers out of employment. The situation following these developments will be discussed in Bombay on July 26.

Ready To Meet Deputation

REPLY TO TEACHERS

A press note issued by the Director of Publicity says:

The Government of Bombay has noticed press reports that some secondary teachers of North Bombay propose to go on a day's token strike on July 22 in the matter of the hunger strike started by an ex-teacher of the Indian Education Society. As communicated in a Government reply to the Bombay North and Suburban Secondary Teachers' Association, Government has already had under consideration the matters of complaints into the management of the Indian Education Society and the rule about discharge of secondary teachers from aided schools.

The report of the Government Officer who enquired into the complaint against the Society has just been received and further action will be considered shortly. As regards the rule about discharge also, the matter has been carefully considered. The main field of secondary education has been left largely to non-Government institutions, thus permitting freedom of development and experimentation. With it must go certain flexibility of administration.

The students were told by the Education Secretary that what they called a mass deputation could not be received, that there seemed no justification for a strike, which should be called off, and that then only they might present their case in writing to the Government. The management of the Institute would then be asked for their side and the question would be considered if there was any case for intervention in the matter, which 'prima facia' was one of the internal management and discipline.

There are also allegations about victimisation. The Government proposes to extend the peroid of notice when reasons in detail for terminating the service are not stated and a fair opportunity to the teacher not given, to six months and is considering what further safeguards are feasible.

CALL THE STRIKE OFF FIRST

Official Snub To V.J.T.I Students

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Striking students of the victoria Jubilee Technical Institute who sought to enlist the sympathy of the Secretary of the Education Department, Mr. S. D. Joshi were told that nothing could be done unless they went back to their classes.

The students grievance originated with a notice served on seventeen students who were asked to leave the hostel as they had failed to secure 50 per cent of the total marks in the annual examinations. As a protest, the students called for a one-day strike on June 28, and another two-day strike on July 4.

A sequel to the second strike was the rustication of four students, S. N. Chakravarty, Mahindar Singh, Jha and Paulose, students from the 3rd, 4th and 5th year classes. Four were expelled from the hostel, while another four were given notice to quit the hostel on pain of rustication.

POLICE CALLED

All this led to the students declaring a three-day strike. The Institute authorities called the aid of the police today who took possession of the building temporarily. More than six hundred students responded to the strike call.

Leaving their classes, the students split themselves into parties of four with a view to demonstrate before the Secretariat and bring the attention of the Premier to the state of affairs. Groups of them re-formed themselves into a procession in front of the Secretariat, shouted slogans, and flourished placards.

A deputation of the students met the Secretary of the Education Department in the absence of the Premier. They were asked to call off the strike first.

Government Position .

A press note issued by the Government of Bombay states:

Some students of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, approached the Secretariat in procession shortly after noon today. Three of the processionists were permitted to meet the Secretary to the Government in the Education Department. They represented that the management of the V.J.T.I. had rusticated some students and described the action as one of victimisation.

They said that as their eleven-day efforts to get redress had failed, they had called a strike at the Institute and come to the Secretariat in what they called a mass deputation. The students also stated that prior to the rustication order they had apologised to the management for a certain incident which had happened earlier, but even then the management took action of victimisation.

BILL COLLECTOR ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Ramji Hiraji a bill collector of a local firm was arrested by the Dongri Police for alleged misappropriation of Rs. 10,764 belonging to the firm.

The suspect is stated collected this amount from different customers to whom vegitable oil was supplied by the firm but did not deposit it in the firm's account. He was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court today and allowed bail.

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NEW EMPIRE
Luxurious Air Conditioned Comfort
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

THE Fallen Idol
With Sonia Dresdel, Denis O'Dea, Jack Hawkins, Bobby Henrey
from a short story by GRAHAM GREENE
Produced and Directed by CAROL REED

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
ALEXANDRE DUMAS
Immortal Classic
THE MAN IN THE IRON MASK
Luis Hayward, Joan Benett
At Reduced Rates

STRAND
WHERE THERE'S ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW
Daily: 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 P.M.
SENSATIONAL MYSTERY FILM!
The Suspense
Screams from the Screen!
DON'T MISS IT

SUNDAY MORN. AT 10-30
DOCTOR
PANKAJ MALICK, BHARATI
AHIN CHAUDRY
At Evening Rates

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
(Every Seat a Cool Retreat)
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Also Sunday Morn. At 10
NORMA SHEARER
LESLIE HOWARD
in M-G-M's
ROMEO & JULIET

From THURSDAY 28th
comes the MOST AWAITED Musical Social

MUNAWAR SULTANA, SHYAM
Kuldeep, Urmilla, Jilloobai and CUCKOO.
Director: KRISHNA KUMAR, M.Sc.
Music: GHULAM HAIDER
FROM THURS. 28TH
SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15. Sun. Holi. 12-15
Ad. Booking from Mon. 25th
9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6-30.
A GRAND PICTURES Release.

IT HAS TAKEN BOMBAY BY STORM!
SHANTA APTE (Courtsey S. A. Concerns) Excels Herself
IN I.N.A. PICTURES'
SWAYAM SIDDHA
(IN MINDI)
2ND WEEK AT
EXCELSIOR & CENTRAL
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 Plans Open
BHARATMATA & ALLWYN (Kalyan)
A 'SCREENS' Release.

THE PICTURE OF PICTURES
— EVER MORE POPULAR
IN ITS MARCH OF POPULARITY
GEMINI'S
CHANDRALEKHA
(HINDI)
NOW SHOWING AT:
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS:
2-30, 6, 9-30 P.M.
AND AT
CITY LIGHT
DAILY 4 SHOWS:
11-45 a.m. 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

R-E-G-A-L
(Air-Cooled & Comfortable).
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Today You'll be surprised!
Academy Award Winner
Jane 'Belinda' Wyman Talks!!
She'll be the talk of the Town!!!
WARNER BROS.'
"KISS IN THE DARK"
Starring:
JANE WYMAN, DAVID NIVEN,
.....A champagne of sparkling Romance You just can't miss!!!
Plans Open. Book Early.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"ANTHONY ADVERSE"
Starring:
FREDERIC MARCH
And Olivia de Haviland.

9th GREAT WEEK
A 'MUST-BE-SEEN' Filmasterpiece! New Theatres' & India's Finest
CHHOTA-BHAI
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. 12-30
MINERVA
(Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12)

GRAND GALA OPENING Tomorrow at 1 p.m.

She was the MOTHER
WHO HELPED HER SON TO CONSOLIDATE THE MARATHA EMPIRE
PRABHAKER Picture
Shilanganache Sone
SHANTA APTE (Courtesy S. A. Concerns)
HANSA WADKER, ANJANI,
Sulochana, Master Vithal and
BABURAO PENDHARKER
Directed and Produced by
BHAL G. PENDHARKER
FROM TOMORROW AT
SWASTIK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
A MANECKLAL CHUNILAL & SONS LTD., Release

From THURSDAY, 28th
HE COMES to strike Terror in the hearts of the WRONGDOERS
OMAR KHAYYAM FILM LTD.'S
DADA
BEGUM PARA, SHEIKH MUKHTAR, SHYAM & MUNAWAR SULTANA.
Director: HARISH. Producer: SHAIKH MUKHTAR.
From THURSDAY 28th
EXCELSIOR
Advance Booking starts tomorrow
9-30 to 1 & 2-30 to 7-30
KAMAL
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
JAI HIND & RIVOLI
Liberty Release.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

HINDU: Ashad Vad 12, 2005.
MUSLIM: Ramzan 25, 1368.
PARSI: Behman 23, 1318.
SUNRISE: 6-12 A.M., SUNSET: 7-18 P.M.
HIGHTIDE: 10-06, 20-56. LOWTIDE 02-52, 16-00.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and Councillors of Wards Nos. 3-4 Bori Bunder-Mandvi will meet near Masjid Bunder Bridge today at 8-30 a.m. to go round the wards.

DISLOCATION ON B.B. & C.I. RLY.

BOMBAY, July 21, (PTI): On account of dislocation of traffic between Tuglakabad and New Delhi due to heavy rains the 4-Up Frontier Mail leaving Delhi today has been diverted via Ghaziabad, Tundla and Agra and will therefcre arrive late by about three hours in Bombay, says a communique from B. B. and C. I. Railway.

The 3-Down Frontier Mail leaving Bombay today is expected to run through on the normal route.

B. B. & C. I. Train Timings

The following are the arrival and departure timings, now in force, of the B. B. and C. I. Railway through trains at and from Bombay Central.

	Arrival	Departures
Ahmedabad Passenger	6.00	12.10
Meerut Express	7.00	20.45
Gujarat Mail	8.20	20.30
Rajputana-Sind Mail	9.05	19.40
Saurashtra Mail	10.50	18.40
Frontier Mail	11.00	17.00
Ahmedabad Passenger	16.10	21.05
Baroda Passenger	20.10	8.30
Saurashtra Express	20.40	7.30

Rents Control Act Applied To Two Villages

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has issued notifications applying Part II of the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging House Rates Control Act, 1947, to Kankavli village in Ratnagiri district and Satana village in Nasik district, to all premises let for residence, business or trade in the former village and for all premises let for residence, business, trade or storage or in the case of premises let to the Government to local authorities for the purpose of setting up offices, public hospitals and dispensaries in the latter.

Marriage Cost Him Money And The Bride

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A forty-year old widower was tricked into a marriage and made to part with money and jewels totalling Rs 3,100. Fulchand Panachand Shah was approached by Sumanlal Manilal Gandhi and his wife that their stepdaughter was a good match for Shah. The girl was eighteen and Shah agreed. The stipulations were that Shah should spend about Rs. 3,000 for ornaments and deposit another 1,500 in the bank in the joint name of himself and his wife.

The bargain was struck: Rs. 500 went from Shah to Sumanlal. On May 7, 1949 Shah and the girl were married according to Arya Samaj rites. Another Rs. 1,500 was given by Shah to Sumanlal and his wife to be deposited in the bank.

The young bride told her husband that she would prefer to spend a few days in her parents' home. Shah saw nothing wrong in the poposal and the girl went home. Days passed and in spite of his urgent entreaties, the girl remained at her parents' home. By and by Shah learnt that no bank account had been opened in his name. He told police the story, and the General Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested Sumanlal, his wife Sushila and the girl yesterday on a charge of cheating. The Police unfolded the foregoing story in the court of the Chief Presidency Court where the accused were released on a bail of Rs. 5,000 each.

THE WEATHER

POONA, July 21, (P. T. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on July 21, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 89 78 T 11.3 minus 1.1, Ahmednagar 90 69 0 3.9 minus 3.9, Baroda 88 77 T 10.9 —, Belgaum 79 67 0 3.5 minus 16.1, BOMBAY 87 80 T 37.5 minus 0.4, Calcutta 88 78 0.2 10.7 minus 1.8, Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 72 0.1 9.7 plus 1.4, Jubbulpore 85 74 0.2 15.6 minus 4.2, Karachi 87 82 0 4.7 plus 2.1, Lucknow 91 79 0 6.6 minus 5.8, Madras 93 79 0 5.8 plus 1.7, Mahabaleshwar 65 62 0.2 71.0 minus 35.0, Nagpur 90 76 0 28.2 plus 9.2, Patna 87 78 2.6 20.6 plus 5.7, Poona 85 73 0 3.4 minus 5.5, Rajkot 90 76 0.2 6.5 minus 4.9, Sholapur 93 72 0 10.9 plus 3.5, Simla 64 59 0.2 15.0 minus 1.3, Surat 88 81 T 13.9 minus 6.6.

The monsoon has been active in northeast India outside Orissa, in the United Provinces and the East Punjab. Rainfall has also been widespread in Mysore and local in Gujarat Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh, the north Central Provinces, the Konkan and Malabar. Scattered showers have occurred in the East Deccan and along the Orissa-Circars coast.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF JULY 22:—The monsoon is likely to strengthen in Malabar. Rainfall will be widespread in northeast India outside Orissa, in the United Provinces, the East Punjab and Malabar. Local light to moderate rain in likely in Gujarat, Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh, the north Central Provinces and Mysore. Scattered showers are possible in East Rajputana, the Konkan and along the Orissa-Circars coast.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in Chota Nagpur, Bihar the north United Provinces and the East Punjab with isolated heavy falls in south Malabar during the next 36 hours.

"B.E.S.T. Committee Has Failed Miserably"

STRONG CRITICISM IN CORPORATION

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE first Administration Report of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking for the period ended March 31, 1948, came in for strong criticism this evening in the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, presided.

Mr. Moinuddin Harris said: "Many members appointed on the B.E.S.T. Committee to look after the interests of the Concern have failed miserably."

Mr. Naushir Bharucha said: "The report hides more than it reveals and we are left wondering what the Committee is doing in the matter of the B.E.S.T. finances."

Mr. Dinker Desai said: "This report is a distressing document. Instead of facts and figures, it gives us sermons on labour unrest."

LITTLE INTEREST

Criticising certain aspects of the Administration Report, Mr. M. Harris said that the irregular attendance of many of the members of the B.E.S.T. Committee, showed that they had very little interest in the undertaking: their time and energy were mostly taken up by their own business interests.

The case of Mr. M. A. Master, who had been later disqualified, illustrated this lack of interest in a pointed manner. He had not attended a single meeting. On the whole the Committee had failed miserably in the discharge of its duties.

AMERICAN TRAMS

Of the 24 trams imported from America, only two had so far been put on the road.

He felt that it was a waste to import trams, which were unsuitable to the streets of the City and carelessness in this respect would cost a lot of public money.

Appealing to the committee to exercise greater caution in the discharge of its duties, he said that the entire issue of nationalisation of industries in the country, would be affected by the success or the failure of the Municipalisation of the B.E.S.T.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha said that the report concealed many things. It had shown that on the sale of electric current the venture had shown a profit of Rs. 58 lakhs, while the expenses were 52 lakhs; but a crore spent on the transport services were shown to have brought a profit of Rs. 10 lakhs.

But, the ten-lakh profit was not illusory. If provision had been made for interest, sinking fund and depreciation charges, transport would not only have shown no profit, but a dead loss.

Mr. Bharucha maintained, that the report attempted to hide the losses, by debiting these amounts to a separate account headed Revenue.

Mr. Bharucha felt that all these losses were the result of the maladministration of the Committee.

Mr. Dinker Desai said that the Committee had reduced the numbers of trams and buses immediately after taking over. The members were paid Rs. 50 per meeting. Even such a generous payment had not attracted attendance.

A SAVING

Mr. Homi J. H. Talyarkhan said that the old trams bought from America, not only saved in money, but also in time, as new trams would have taken about two years to reach here.

Mr. Mascarenhas said that it was unreasonable to suggest that the profits made by the sale of electricity, must be refunded to consumers in the form of reduced duties. This would be as wrong as raising the fares on trams and buses. After all, the whole concern was one and had been purchased as one.

He stated that efficiency on the transport services had increased after the Corporation took it over and if sufficient drivers were forthcoming, there would be a fleet of 300 buses on the roads shortly.

A resolution from the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, regarding a letter from the Municipal Commissioner to that body, seeking to amend Municipal Servants Conduct and Discipline Rules, so that Municipal employees are prevented from contesting election to Local Bodies, was accepted.

RADIO

BOMBAY A

BOMBAY, Friday.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) also 7-30 to 9-00 a.m. — 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) 12.45 to 2.30 p.m. — 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) 4.20 to 7.45 p.m. — 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) 8.00 to 11.00 p.m. — 41-44 m. (7,240 kc/s). 7-30 a.m. K. R. Patwardhan (Vocal) 7.45 Gottuvadyam Par Kalingada by Ponnuswami 8.00 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8-30 Wali Mohammad (G. Bhajano) 8.45 News (G). 12.45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12.50 Wali Mohammad (G. Bhajano) 1-00 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 p.m. Saint—Saens. 4-20 p.m. School Broadcasts Musical Prelude 5.00 Dinkar Anjaria (Vocal) 5.15 Gottuvadyam Par Bhimpalas (by Ponnuswami) 5.30 As in Bombay B 6.00 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.20 R. H. Brahmabhatt (Vocal) 6.40 Dinkar Anjaria (Vocal) 7.00 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7.15 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Vocal) 7-45 Garbi Geeton (G). 8.00 Wali Mohammad (G. Bhajano) 8.15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9.00 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-00 p.m. Tommy Dorsey 10.15 Old New and Borrowed.

BOMBAY—B

353 m. (850 kc/s) also 7-30 to 9.00 a.m. — 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) 12.45 to 2.30 p.m. — 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) 4.20 to 7-15 p.m. — 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) 7-30 to 11.00 p.m. — 61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s). 7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7.45 News (K) 8.00 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Vocal) 8-30 News (M) 8.45 Binapani Bahaduri (Geets H.) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News (M) 1-00 Binapani Bahaduri (Geets. H) 1-10 Mile Jule Gane 1.40 News (H) 1-50 Mahila Mandal 4-20 p.m. As in Bombay A 5-30 Bhimsen Joshi (Vocal) 6.00 K. R. Patwardhan (Vocal) 6.15 Calling Rural Listeners (M and K.) 7-15 As In Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8.00 News (M) 8-15 R. H. Brahmabhatt (Vocal) 8-30 Talk (M) 8-45 Gottuvadyam Par Ek Dhun By Ponnuswami 9.00 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Vocal) 9.30 K. R. Patwardhan (Vocal) 9-45 Talk (E) 10-00 Bhimsen Joshi (Vocal)

MR. M. P. PATIL'S TALK

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, the Government of Bombay, will broadcast a talk in Kannada on 'Prohibition' in the Rural Programmes on Friday, the July 22. This talk will be heard on 41.44 and 353 metres at 6-45 p.m.

Father Hit By Son: Rebuke Leads To Assault

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A FATHER who tried to win over his erring son to sobriety and sense found himself in a city hospital yesterday.

According to information available, Ganpat Ranganath was in the habit of drinking, and had often been reprimanded by his father for it. They were not on good terms.

Yesterday, the old man was sitting in a restaurant at the Tenth Lane, Kamatipura, when, it is alleged his son, Ganpath, assaulted him with an iron chopper which hit the father on his head.

The old man was removed to the hospital. The son was remanded to police custody when he was produced before the Mazagon Police Court.

STILL SEIZED

Bacchus also provided work for the police in another case. The Agripada Police seized two working stills last evening, one at Maruthi Lane Delisle Road and another at Jacob Circle. In the first case, eleven gallons of bootleg liquor were discovered. Two persons said to have been on the premises, Gangaram Ganpat and Shankar Ganu, were arested. In Jacob Circle, four gallons of wash and two bottles of illicit liquor were seized. Here too two persons, Mahadeo Ramchandra and Shanker Ramchandra, were taken into custody.

CHILDREN TOO

Children too, it is stated, are drafted into the risky trade of bringing bootleg liquor into the city. The Detective Branch of the B.B.C.I. Railway Police apprehended last night two juvenile delinquents on a charge of smuggling contraband liquor. Three children, including a girl, were travelling in a third class compartment, and it is alleged, they had tied round their waists cycle tubes containing illicit liquor. Their contention was that the tubes were tied by a man who has not yet been traced, who asked them to wait for him at Charni Road station. He had promised to pay for them. The children were remanded to the children's home.

No Thought Of Resignation

SWEEPERS WILL FIGHT ON

BOMBAY, Thursday.

It is now authoritatively learnt that the striking municipal sweepers do not contemplate any mass resignation as reported earlier.

A spokesman of the Municipal Kamgar Sangh told a representative of this paper today that there was no thought of resignation as such, and that the workers were determined to fight on to the bitter end.

The Ad-Hoc Committee of the opposition parties in the Bombay Municipal Corporation will again discuss today with some of the members of the Municipal Kamgar Sangh the present strike situation with particular reference to the economic plight of the strikers.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON FOOD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Central Standing Advisory Committee on Food met this morning at the Secretariat, and is understood to have discussed among other things the agenda for the forthcoming Food Ministers' conference at New Delhi. Prof. N. G. Ranga presided. The committee adjourned for lunch at noon and will reassemble in the afternoon. The deliberation may continue on Friday also.

There is a shortage of GAS because

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3 The present uneconomical rates prevent the Company from implementing its plans for expansion.

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FOREIGN FILMS IN THE CITY

Michaele Morgan and Ralph Richardson in the First International prize winner, "The Fallen Idol".

"THE FALLEN IDOL"

At The New Empire

For "The Fallen Idol," his first production at London Film Studios, Carol Reed chose a screen adaptation of a gripping short story, "The Basement Room," written by Graham Greene. This subject has given Reed, as Producer-Director, an opportunity to break new ground in matters of story plot and treatment. The meaning of the title of this unusual film is found in the central character of a small child who views an adult tragedy from the baffling standpoint of an eight-year-old who has pinned his faith to the solid character of one adult, only to find that, one by one, his own conceptions of that character are false. The child, brilliantly played in "The Fallen Idol," by a young Anglo-French boy, Bobby Henrey, watches the love affair of Baines (Ralph Richardson) with Julie (Michele Morgan); watches the cruelty of another adult, Mrs Baines (Sonia Dresdel), towards them and towards himself; sees the somewhat sordid tragedy move inescapably to its conclusion; tries to protect his hero, Baines, from what he believes to be a crime; learns that truth to adults is sometimes less acceptable than lies, and finally with his childish illusions shattered, finds security once more with his own parents. "The Fallen Idol" stars Ralph Richardson and Michaele Morgan.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

REGAL:
"Kiss In The Dark" starring Jane Wyman, David Niven, Victor Moore, Wayne Morris and Broderick Crawford.

NEW EMPIRE:
"The Fallen Idol" starring Ralph Richardson, Michelle Morgan and Sonia Dresdel.

METRO:
"Romeo And Juliet" starring Leslie Howard, Norma Shearer, John Barrymore, C. Aubrey Smith, Edna May Oliver, Reginald Denny, Raph Forbes, Basil Rathbone and Andy Devine.

STRAND:
"Cover Up" starring Dennis O'Keefe, William Bendix, Barbara Britton.

PALACE:
"The Good Earth" starring Paul Muni, Luise Rainer.

AURORA:
"Corner Creek" starring Randolph Scott, Marguerite Chapman.

BANDRA:
"Treasure Of The Sierra Madre".

ROBINSON HAUNTED BY OLD ROLE AS MOVIE MOBSTER; WOULD LIKE TO DO LIVES OF BEETHOVEN AND VAN GOGH

GHOSTS of past great film roles still haunt many stars and probably will to their dying day. Baris Karloff's presence always causes someone to mumble "Frankenstein" and run for cover. George Raft is still asked to flip a half dollar as he did so memorably in "Scarface."

And that brings us to Edward G. Robinson, who complains that he can't live down Al Capone, even though that worthy is dead and gone. New acquaintances cannot get over the fact that Eddie is actually a quiet-spoken little man who would rather discuss art than movies any time.

"I'll never escape, I guess", said Eddie. "I'll always be Little Caesar wherever I go. No one wants to accept me for anything else, so I've long since decided I must make the best of it."

Although a dozen years have passed since he gained fame through those wild gangster roles, many of his fans, he said, still expect him to whip out a sawed-off shotgun. Preview cards turned in by fans attending recent Robinson movies, now much more quiet and peaceful on the sound track, express surprise and disappointment over Eddie's failure to shoot up the place.

EMBARRASSING QUESTIONS

Robinson, who has just finished "East Side Story" at 20th Century-Fox, says from all over fans still write him letters asking where they can buy pineapple bombs, how many mobsters were killed in the various clashes during those red-hot Capone days and whether he prefers an automatic to a revolver. Eddie says he doesn't even own a gun, has never pulled the trigger of one outside a movie scene.

"I enjoy music", he said, "and want to play a composer like Beethoven. I also like paintings and would like to do the life of Van Gogh some time. Subjects like these have always attracted me, but I'll probably have to finance the pictures myself if they're made."

Barbara Britton in "Cover Up"

"COVER UP"

At The Strand

One of the most dramatic and unusual murder mysteries ever filmed, "Cover Up," has a brilliant cast headed by versatile William Bendix, Dennis O'Keefe and Barbara Britton. Subtly directed by Alfred E. Green from an original story by Jerome Odlum and Jonathan Rix, "Cover Up" can be put down as one of the most ingenious films of the new year. Ted Nasser produced the film, with United Artists releasing.

The story, a gripping suspense drama of good and evil in a small American town, centres on the efforts of one man, Dennis O'Keefe, to wrest a secret from the town. A murder has been committed and the residents of this small, midwest city desire for some obscure reasons of their own to have it put down as a suicide. O'Keefe, as an insurance agent and the only outsider, seeks to solve the riddle in spite of the wall of silence the towns-people have erected. He ultimately triumphs and the way he accomplishes the solving of the crime makes this film one of the most fascinating and engrossing done in recent years.

Bendix, who plays the role of the tacitain sheriff, gives a performance which is packed with punch and vitality, and in a sense reveals Bill's supreme artistry and great versatility. From the role of hero in "The Babe Ruth Story" to that of small town official in "Cover Up" is quite a jump, but Bill certainly takes it in his stride. He seems to thrive on change of pace.

O'Keefe, too, is in his own element in this picture. As the relentless, purposeful insurance investigator he has an unpleasant job to do and he goes about it with frightening determination, letting nothin stand in his way, not even the girl he loves, although she pleads with him to drop the case. Beautiful Barbara Britton is the girl and her father (Art Baker, happens to be one of the suspects in the murder.

Miss Britton rises to great heights in several of her emotional scenes. She plays a girl torn between loyalty and affection for her father and love for the man who is pursuing him.

The supporting cast has been chosen with great care, and includes Ann E. Todd, Doro Merande and Virginia Christine, Misis Merande, whose comic character roles have delighted scores of thousands of Broadway theatre-goers, plays the part of the talkative, plainspoken maid in the home of Miss Britton's parents.

A small town, on the eve of Christmas, is always an endearing place, and Junction City in "Cover Up" is no exception to this rule. It gives just the right touch to this engrossing mystery story which is adroitly directed and expertly acted.

David Niven is evidently in trouble in "A Kiss in the Dark". Jane Wyman is holding him at bay with a threatening fist.

Romantic Fable: "Kiss In The Dark" At The Regal

Sparkling romance is presented by David Niven and Jane Wyman in Warner Bros.' picture, "Kiss In The Dark". A romantic fable set against Manhattan background, the protagonists are a timid concert pianist, a last-talking advertising model and an eccentric but gay apartment house owner in the person of the inimitable Victor Moore.

Delmer Daves handled the directorial reins on this picture, and Wayne Morris and Broderick Crawford are also prominent in the supporting cast.

Great interest surrounds Jane's appearance in this fable. After the stark drama of "Johnny Belinda", in which she portrayed the unforgettable role of the deaf mute, and won wide acclaim and many honors, this light frothy assignment in "Kiss In The Dark", comes as a marked contrast. As Polly, Jane is forthright, a complete realist, and she sheds no tears. Instead she's breezy, sparkling and adept at gay repartee.

With "Kiss In The Dark", Niven returns to Warner Bros. as a star, where once he made two important steps upward into the stellar field . . . in "The Charge of the Light Brigade" and "Dawn Patrol". Here he is cast as a prodigy who has developed into a world famous artist, but whose life has been narrowed by his work and his music. He is startled into a "new" world by the invasion of Jane and the apartment house, called Cleopatra Arms, an unusual place which overflows with community spirit.

Victor Moore, veteran funster and stage, screen and radio star, plays the apartment owner. Morris is cast as a a loud mouth, overpowering insurance salesman, always ready to swing his fits. Crawford is a hot-tempered tenant trying to get some sleep. Max Steiner directed the music frame for the picture.

The favourite lovers of the screen, Leslie Howard and Norma Shearer are seen again in a brand new copy of "Romeo and Juliet" to be released at the Metro.

'ROMEO AND JULIET' AT THE METRO

Norma Shearer as Juliet, Leslie Howard as Romeo, in the most beloved romance ever written, "Romeo and Juliet" penned by the greatest of all dramatists who created for the entertainment of audiences yesterday, today and tomorrow, brought to the screen by the late Irving H. Thalberg. George Cukor, who made "David Copperfield" and "Little Women" live again, was the Director.

Supported by an unsurpassed cast, John Barrymore as the bawdy, roistering Mercutio and Edna May Oliver as Juliet's nurse, Basil Rathbone as the fiery Tybalt, Reginald Denny as Benvolio, C. Aubrey Smith as Lord Capulet, Ralph Forbes as Paris, Violet Kemble Cooper as Lady Capulet, Henry Kolker as Friar Laurence, Andy Devine as Peter, Conway Tearle as The Prince of Verona are others in the list of notable players.

Here is a classic of the screen that beggars description, that has every element of superb entertainment. The love story that is its theme is like a golden thread that binds a tapestry together, always bright and shining, never old, always new. It binds together the intense dramatic moments that from the opening scene to the last move with breathless action.

TWO PRODUCER FLEDGLINGS HAVE HOLLYWOOD TONGUES WAGGING

By Harold Heffernan

IN these days of uncertain film grosses, when such giants of the independent field as David O. Selznick draw only glassy stares from the bankers, the Cinderella-like adventures of two producer fledglings named Robert Paige and Monte Collins have Hollywood tongues wagging in astonishment. Nothing quite like their overnight success has happened before. To-day they're the talk and envy of the entire film colony.

Two years ago Bob Paige was a so-so leading man at Universal. He appeared opposite Deanna Durbin in a couple of films, was starred himself in a mediocre item called "Hired Wife," and then got caught in the big studio purge that wiped away 75 per cent of the contract list.

Things were unbelievably dull for actors in Hollywood at that time and Paige felt himself extremely lucky to draw a lead in an Eagle-Lion movie called "Red Stallion." In that one he played second fiddle to the horse, but the studio suggested he make a few personal appearances to help the movie over the rough spots.

While on that trip, Bob Paige met the multi-millionaire oil man, Glenn McCarthy. The spark of a deep and lasting friendship was ignited. Two men's men, they cultivated that mutual regard on hunting trips and in meetings in Hollywood and Houston, the latter McCarthy's home town.

INTEREST IN MOVIES

In the course of their discussions, Paige learned that McCarthy had an intense interest in the movies, not only as the father of five children, but also as a patriotic American who felt that too many Hollywood films fail to represent the true spirit of this nation.

From time to time, sharpsters from the screen colony had tried to promote McCarthy's millions. He always declined for one of several reasons. He was almost always suspicious of their motives and none of their stories appealed to him.

Now Paige had a warm friend, Monte F. Collins, who, like himself, had been an actor—a star, as a matter of fact, in two-reel comedies. Collins had gone into writing and dialogue directing without particular success. Like his pal, Paige, he had skidded on to the unemployed list. However, Collins had written an original screen story, "The Green Promise." He gave it to Paige to read feeling that the star role, that of a county agent, would be ideal for him.

Impressed by the fin- story, Paige felt that here might be the scenario his friend, Glenn McCarthy, had been seeking all along—a wholesome, inspiring tale accurately reflecting the American way of life. He forwarded it to McCarthy in Houston. When the Texan read it, he phoned Paige to fly down and bring Collins alongs.

MAN OF FEW WORDS

McCarthy is a rugged six-footer, a man of few words. He is a doer rather than a talker. He comes right to the point on everything.

"I like this story very much," he said. "In fact, it is exactly what I've been looking for."

Paige and Collins gav each other a happy double-take, but they were totally unprepared for the quiet bombshell that followed.

"Why can't we three go ahead and make this story ourselves?" asked the oil magnate.

Paige and Collins had expected McCarthy might invest some capital in an independent production, but they hadn't counted on scoring a touchdown.

"How do you go about it?" McCarthy continued naively.

"Well, I guess we just form a company and do it," Paige gulped.

So, right then and there, Glenn McCarthy Productions, Inc. was formed, with McCarthy, Paige and Collins as stockholders. Within five months "The Green Promise' was completed. It stars Marguerite Chapman, Walter Brennan, Paige and Natalie Wood, the youngster who scored in "Miracle on 34th Street." It was directed by William D. Russell, who made "Dear Ruth."

UNUSUAL TWIST

An unusual twist to the trio's initial venture is that it has a pre-sold audience of at least 12,000,000 customers—4-H members, volunteer workers and their families. There are 85,000 4-H clubs in America and "The Green Promise" is their picture.

Paige and Collins will follow up this movie, which is to be given its world premiere in Houston on March 17, with a sparkling comedy feature, "You Can't Do That!" dealing with the misadventures of a young man who runs a movie cartoon factory. It will have six stars and two of them will be Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy. A third feature also is under preparation and will be a saga of the oil industry—and, come to think about it, any scenarist would find difficulty coming up with a yarn to top McCarthy's own amazing life story.

Having worked as a youth in the Texas oil fields, McCarthy took a dol. 15-a-week job in a filling station so he could study law at night. This was in 1932. To-day he is reckoned the biggest independent oil producer in the country. His various holdings are estimated at between dol. 160,000,000 and dol. 300,000,000. This is the banker who beams his satisfaction at the efforts of neophyte producers Paige and Collins!

WONDERMENT

Perhaps this amazing tycoon's reasoning on Paige and Collins may interest a number of Hollywood's established movie-makers who have been openly expressing their wonderment at his choice of the two "amateurs" as partners. In Paige he believed he had a sincere friend, with honesty, character and loyalty—one, too, who had made a thoughtful study of all phases of the business. In Collins, he knew by reading his story, he had a talented and creative writer with a real flair for showmanship. That was all he wanted to know about Monte Collins.

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TRADES' TENTH SUCCESSIVE LEAGUE VICTORY

Gymkhana Still The Basement Team

BOMBAY, Thursday.

TRADE'S maintained the position as leaders of the First Division Harwood League by scoring their tenth successive win. This evening they beat Bombay Gymkhana by four goals to two. Thomas once again proved to be a great opportunist and registered two goals.

Trades took things lightly and were complete masters of the day's proceedings and many missed chances saved the Gymkhana a trouncing, but due to laxity Gymkhana managed to score on two occasions. Bombay Gym's goalie Birthwistle fared extremely well and saved time and again.

Trades swamped into the Gymkhana goal from the start and many good scoring opportunities were wasted. Laloo missed four easy chances. Thomas did some good shooting but luck did not favour him. One good grounder struck the upright.

But Thomas always a good trier received his reward when with a mediocre shot he beat Birthwistle who failed to collect confidently thus putting Trades in the lead.

Bourcier nearly gave the opponents their second goal when he deflected a kick from Parab into the far corner of the goal but Birthwistle managed to steer the ball away at the expense of a corner. Transferring play Gymkhana gained the equalizer through Mullock who headed in a fine pass from right outer, Bush.

But, Trades forged ahead before the interval when Thomas scored with low grounder from a flag kick and on resumption Trades dominated play but were poor marksman in goal area as they took things lightly.

Laloo accepting a short pass from Bhimrao added their next goal and midway through the second half Trades earned a penalty kick when Bhimrao was fouled by Linford Parab taking the kick made no mistake.

But towards the closing stages Bombay Gymkhana broke away and Smithers beat Sanjiva with a beautiful shot.

The teams:—

TRADES:—Sanjiva; Manuel, Woodcock; Naravan, Perumal, Govind; Bhimrao, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Kuppuswamy.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Birthwistle; Heywood, Linford; Collins, Bourcier, Jeavons; Bush, McVicar, Smithers, R. Smith, Mullock.

Referee:—Panton.

RAINBOW TROUNCE A. S. I. XI

Parel Soccer

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In the two games played in the Indian Football League at Parel easy wins were recorded. Rainbow beat A.S.I. XI by ten goals to nil, while Wimco beat St. Xavier's by three goals to one.

St. Xavier's managed to keep Wimco from scoring in the first half, but Wimco got three quick goals at intervals of five minutes each through Shridhar twice and Anchan once. Shridhar opened his side's account and Anchan netted the second while Shridhar completed the tally. Raju reduced the margin for the Xavierites.

Rainbow proved too good for Air Services of India XI and were only unlucky that they fell short of the dozen by two. At half time the score was five nil. Michael scored thrice, D'Sa also registered the same number. Iswar Rao netted two and Oscar and Waghela once each.

Many chances were missed by Rainbow's forwards and Michael and Oscar could have made the most of the dry ground and besides the opposite defence were strained to their utmost having no respite whatsoever.

St. Mary's High School and St. Sebastian's High School shared two goals in the Fifth Division of the Harwood League played at the Railway Ground. Bonnici scored for the former, while A. Viegas scored for St. Sebastians.

In the Junior Section of the same League, Little Flower "B" beat St. Sebastians Junior string by a solitary goal scored by Joachim Ferns.

Maharashtra Football Team For Exhibition Match

POONA, July 21, (PTI): The Maharashtra Football Association team which meets in an exhibition football match at Bombay eleven in Poona next Saturday will be selected from the following players:—

A. J. Yesoo Das (Capt.) A. M. Michael, Y. C. Chinnathambi, J. M. Manuel, B. R. Rawal, P. S. Subrayalu, S. M. Pillay, A. Pacheco, N. K. Ethiraj, P. Manickam, R. K. Rao, S. P. Barrows, G. D'Souza, G. Mani, G. Ganesh, and P. Krishnaswamy.

The match which will be played on the Poona sub-area sports ground will be witnessed by the Governor of Bombay, Raja Maharaj Singh.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Goan S.C. vs Amateurs (Practice).

5-45 p.m. G.I.P. Rly. vs St. Francis Goans (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. Thomas Cook vs Panchgani P.O.B. (Musry Cup).

5-40 p.m. General Motors vs St. Xavier's 'A' (Second Division Harwood League).

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. St. Isabel's H.G. vs St. Xavier's 'B'.

5-30 p.m. S.I.E.S. vs Little Flower 'B' (Fifth Division Harwood League).

Saturday's Races At Secunderabad

NINETEEN ACCEPT FOR NIZAM'S CUP

SECUNDERABAD, July 21 (PTI).

The following are the acceptances and order of racing for the Fifth Day of the Secunderabad races to be held on Saturday, July 23.

THE CAIRO PLATE—5 Furlongs

Mars 9-5, Tamadhir 9-1, Kittyhawk 8-0, Naufal 7-12, Mamluk 7-7, Hormazdiyar 7-6, Fariq 7-6, Khalid Zobae 7-4.

THE DERBY PLATE (Div II) 7 Furs.

Rio Doce 9-4, Anya Girl 8-9, Sherdil 8-8, Arch Girl 8-6, Imperator 8-5, Lady Limarch 8-4, Sir Knight 8-3, Gipsy Maid 7-13, Artistic Touch 7-7.

THE BERAR CUP 1-¼ Miles

Jowdat al Iraq 9-5, Arabian Star 8-12, Abu Muslim 8-10, Golshan 8-7, Eden 7-10, Tashrin al Khair 7-10, Naqib 7-9, Mountain Ash 7-7, Peter 7-6.

THE DERBY PLATE (Div. I) 7 Furs.

Arjun 9-4, Ghizala 8-13, Deep Purple 8-9, Yalta 8-9, Golden Boy 8-6, Very Little 8-1, Camlin 7-11, Candour 7-10, Kumbaira 7-4.

THE NIZAM'S CUP 1-¼ Miles

Chetna 9-4, New Era 9-3, Turf Star 9-2, Maharukh 9-1, Pure Emerald 9-0, Black and White 8-13, Puri Pakodi 8-12, Billy Boy 8-8, Sunlight 8-6, Torrent 8-0, Ginger Lady 7-13, Gay Wren 7-13, Huzur 7-13, Bonzo 7-13, Patricia's Choice 7-10, Lilly of the Valley 7-9, Battle Song 7-8, Prince Lara 7-5, Tap Dance 7-4.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE 7 Furlongs

Sugar Palm 9-4, Rubayat 9-2, Missing Link 9-2, Joe Louis 9-1, Onyx 8-13, Rajkanya 8-10, My Baby 8-10, Laxmidhar 8-6, Deal Again 8-5, Carpet 8-4, Green Lad 8-3, Davi Dayal 8-2, Handsome 8-1, Fireworks 7-13, Forward Block 7-13, Moon Dust 7-7.

SIX HORSES FOUND DOPED IN CEYLON

The Stewards of Ceylon Turf Club have disqualified six racehorses whose dope tests were confirmed by the London analysts as positive, it is announced here.

One of horses—Regal Maid—has been disqualified for an indefinite period and the other five—Sandy Bree, Lady Khan, Barada, Fu'ad Pasha and Hadhir Ra'ad—until September 8 this year.

Owners and trainers of the horses have also been notified that when a horse has to be swabbed for dope testing either the owner, the trainer or some other responsible person appointed must be present to watch proceedings and sign the official receipt.

YOUTH SHOULD TAKE TO INDIAN GAMES

Bombay Governor Stresses Importance At Poona

POONA, July 21.

The Governor of Bombay Raja Sir Maharaj Singh today commended Indian games to the youth of India. These games, he said, were in their blood and were, besides, inexpensive as compared with some of the western games.

He said he would, however, be the last person to condemn any games which promoted physical culture, whether Eastern or Western.

Raja Maharaj Singh was addressing a gathering at Maharashtria Mandal, a physical culture institute of Poona.

The Bombay Government, he said, were keen on the promotion of physical education in the province, and spent on this item today six times as much as they did a few years ago. He assured the gathering that every primary school of consequence would be provided with a playground and more physical culture instructors would be appointed.

The Governor said, he was particularly happy to learn that a large number of girls received physical education in the Mandal, and hoped that the public would support this institution. He announced a personal donation of Rs. 200 to the institute.

Prof. R. B. Phadke, Chairman of the Mandal, said that they had a scheme for starting a physical culture college in Poona and ground for the purpose had been acquired. Mr. Phadke hoped the Government and the public would help them implement the scheme. —PTI.

SOKOL ASKS BRITAIN FOR EXPLANATION

Cancellation Of Trip Has Disturbed Czech Programme

PRAGUE, July 21 (PTI-Reuter).

Sokol the Czechoslovak National Sports Organisation, is asking the Amateur Athletic Association (Britain) to explain the reason why Britain will not now send a team to meet Czechoslovakia here in September.

Announcing this, Sokol said that the cancellation "seriously disturbs our fixed programme, made after agreement with the British Association".

The A. A. A informed Sokol that they would not send a team to Prague in a cable reading: "Regret that in present circumstances Great Britain will not compete in Prague this year".

BROTHERS' CLUB TT. A LOCAL AFFAIR

Indian Internationals Decline Invitation

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The three days open table tennis championships organised by the Brothers Club and scheduled to commence on Saturday, the 23rd has been robbed of its leading lights. The Internationals, Uttam Chandarana, Vithal, Kumar Ghosh and Godrej will not be participating.

Uttam and Vithal have declined the invitation extended, and Kumar Ghosh is going out of Bombay, while Godrej is indisposed.

There are now seven dummy entries, as 57 from those selected have entered. The remaining seven places will be filled from those on the waiting list from whom entries are invited and should be forwarded to the Hon. Secretary by Friday, the 22nd.

In the Juniors Singles only five entries have been received so far and as 12 are required entries are called for and should be forwarded by the same date as the above.

The following are the draws for the various events:—

MEN'S SINGLES

O Dyer vs. S C Mudnaney; S L Shroff vs. J K Umrigar; D N Bhatkal vs. P K Joshi; R N Muthuswamy vs. "E" Player; D P Sampat vs. P K Chaubal; D M Kamat vs. S J Bulsara; P R Umrigar vs. P Kumar; Y M Mahajan vs. K N S Narayanan.

D Somaya vs. A Subbarao; J S Patkar vs. K N Shah; H A Macklai vs. "B" Player; N S Davar vs. A I Jacob; V V Madgaokar vs. S Gaokar; S Gandhi vs. A S Amladi; I R Joosab vs. "G" Player; D D Walawalkar vs. K S Cooper.

V M Nadkarni vs. R M Khatau; J Esiekel vs. P S Nath; D S Cooper vs. R S Davar; D H Varde vs. I A Lallajee, C O Velkar vs. V N Vaidya; B P Baliga vs. P D Hilloo; J Galvankar vs. M R Shivdasani; 'A' Player vs. K H Kapadia.

V B Shanbhag vs. U S Bangera; "D" Player vs. B Abraham; Shiraz Macklai vs. V V Prabhu; P S Varde vs N N Mulla; B A Lallajee vs. S K Thackersey; J E Dastur vs. P Abraham; 'C' Player vs. G Sahadev; 'E' Player vs H M Khanchand.

MEN'S DOUBLES

O Dyer and H M Khanchand vs. S M Gandhi and V S Shanbhag; Y N Mahajan and U S Bangera vs. A S Amladi and D N Bhatkal; P K Chaubal and P S Varde vs. R N Muthuswamy and R N Joosab; R S Davar and N S Davar vs. V V Prabhu and B A Lallajee.

D Somaya and D P Sampat vs. S Gaokar and S L Shroff; K N S Narayanan and P Kumar vs. B K Umrigar and P D Hilloo; K N Shah and S V Ashgar vs. S K Thackersey and J N Jacob; P Abraham and B Abraham vs. N B Mistry and V M Nadkarni.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

G Nasikwalla vs. D C Mistry; U Zaveri vs. P Irani; S Amladi vs. D Munshi; M Bharucha vs. B Cama

M Gajendrasingh vs. S Motiwalla; G Tarapore vs. S Waradkar; P Billimoria vs. A R Joosab; J Walavalkar vs. S Dharap.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

G Nasikwalla and M Bharucha vs. D C Mistry and D Munshi; I Desai and P Thosar vs. S Amladi and A R Joosab; J Walavalkar and S Dharap vs. S Motiwalla and G Tarapore; "A" Pair vs. M Gajendrasingh and R K Shroff.

MIXED DOUBLES

J S Patkar and Mrs. M Bharucha vs. R N Muthuswamy and Miss S Motiwalla; S J Balsara and Miss P Irani vs. K N S Narayanan and Miss S R Amladi;

B A Lallajee and Miss S Dharap vs. N B Mistry and Mrs. B N Kamat; I R Joosab and Miss A R Joosab vs. H M Khanchand and Miss J Walavalkar.

FREDDIE MILLS MAY YET DEFEND TITLE

Joe Maxim Likely To Be Matched

LONDON, July 20 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

FREDDIE MILLS of Britain, may yet defend his world lightheavyweight title in the United States, against America's champion, Joe Maxim, in September.

Some time ago, the Mills camp quoted 20,000 when approached by promoter Sam Becker, of Cincinnati, approached by promoter Sam Becker, of Cincinnati, who immediately rejected the offer.

Becker, however, may reconsider the project, now that he is not so sure of his other top-liner in the rematching of Maxim and Gus Lesnevich, the former world lightheavyweight champion.

It is understood that Becker had Lesnevich contracted to fight Maxim on September 19 at Crosley Field, Cincinnati, but recently, the International Boxing Club, of which Joe Louis is a director, stepped in and signed Lesnevich to meet Ezzard Charles, the new world heavyweight champion, according to the National Boxing Association, in New York on August 10.

CONTRACT VIOLATED

Becker stated that Lesnevich has violated a contract and protested to the N. B. A. Since the Charles-Lesnevich bout is due to be held in the New York State, which does not recognise Charles as world champion, the Cincinnati Boxing Commission endorsed Becker's action by petitioning the ruling body to suspend both boxers, it they go through with the contest.

The contract with Becker prohibits Lesnevich from engaging in either a contest or an exhibition before the bout.

Iesnevich appears to be of the opinion that he can go through with both fights, but in view of the proximity of the contests, and the fact that Lesnevich is prone to cut byes, Becker may be forced to seek an alternative and take Mills up on his offer.

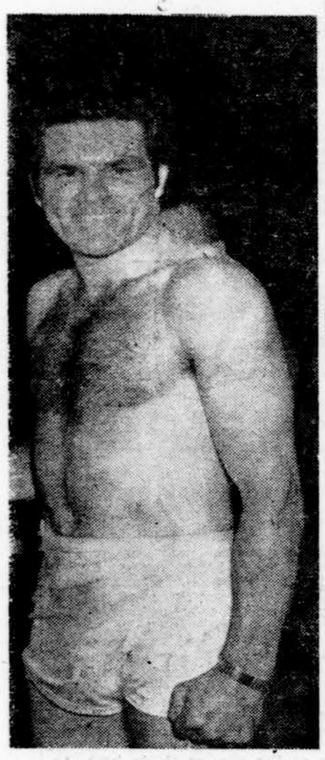
If the Maxim-Mills match materialises, Ted Broadribb, Bills' manager, intends to visit the Treasury about income tax. He is proposing that if Mills earns £20,000 he should be allowed to take it in five yearly payments of £4,000 and tax levied on each instalment.

"A lump sum would mean that Mill's tax position is such that he would have to pay 19 shillings and six pence in the pound sterling and there would be no point in making the trip, said Broadribb.

TAX RELIEF

Apart from the tax relief, Mills sees in the scheme an absurd income for the next five years, when he may be no longer boxing. Now 30 years of age, the world champion has no illusions about his future. His career includes many hard battles against heavyweights and his pugnacious style in the ring has made the road to the top an even tougher path to travel.

Three or four more fights and Mills may be ready to hang up his gloves.



FREDDIE MILLS.....to defend title soon.

His Third Try At World Lightweight Title

LOS ANGELES, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Enrique Bolands of Mexico City, who has lost two fights against world lightweight champion Ike Williams, tonight makes a third attempt to win the crown here.

The 15 round title bout is expected to draw more than 20,000 spectators, with a gate of over 100,000 dollars.

Bolands' manager, George Parnassus, said today: "Enrique is in perfect shape and is confident of winning". William's manager Frank Palermo, said, "it will be a hard fight, but I think Ike will get him inside ten rounds".

Hull's Record Offer For Footballer's Transfer

STOKE, July 20 (PTI-Reuter): Hull City, who gained promition to the second division last season, have made a record offer for the transfer of Stoke City's English international centre-half, Neil Franklin.

Mr. H. Booth, the Stoke Chairman, confirmed today that Hull had made this record offer, and said "I am not at liberty to disclose whether it was £25,000 or not but you can take from me the fee would be a record for football.

"The offer was made about a week ago, but my board have not yet met to consider it. I cannot say whether they will accept or not".

Franklin stated today that he had not resigned from Stoke and wanted to leave because of his wife's health.

Franklin, who is 27, has been with Stoke since he was 15. Born near Stoke he has appeared in 36 successive representative games at centre-half for England.

TODD AND FAGG IN AN UNBEATEN STAND OF 240

County Cricket

LONDON, July 21, (PTI-Reuter): The following are the cricket close of play scores

At Tauton: Derbyshire beat Somerset by an innings and 186 runs.

Derbyshire 379. Somerset 63 (Sopson, 5 for 34, Gladwin, 4 for 21) and 130 (Jackson, 6 for 43 , Copson 3 for 14.)

At Dochester: Lancashire beat Dorset by 158 runs.

Lancashire 124 and 218 for seven declared (Ikin 80, Creese, 5 for 73). Dorset 125 and 59 (Greenwood, 7 for 32, Berry, 3 for 9).

At Hull: Yorkshire vs. The Army (match was drawn).

Yorkshire 234 for six declared and 42 for one. The army 151 (Wardle, 5 for 41)

At Paignton: Worcestershire beat Devon by six wickets.

Devon 155 and 168 (Jackson, 5 for 42.)

Worcestershire 217 for nine declared (Outchoorn 60, Fairclouch, 4 for 39) and 113 for four (White not out 51).

At Gloucester: Gloucestershire vs. Warwickshire.

Warwickshire 400 for nine declared and 34 for zero. Gloucestershire 388 (Crap 102, Hollies, 5 for 101).

At Maidstane: Kent vs Leicestershire

Kent 224 and 240 for zero (Todd not out 113, Fagg not out 118 Leicestershire 316 (practice 64 Symington not out 54, Wright 6 for 112.)

At Nottingham. Nottinghamshire vs. Essex

Essex 289, (Bailey 82, Ray Smith 67, Harvey, six for 91). Nottinghamshire 159 for four (Simpson not out 51, Poole not out 50).

Mohammedan Sporting's Easy Win

CALCUTTA, July 21.

The following are the results of the three matches played today in the First Division Calcutta Football League:

Mohommedan Sporting 3, Rangers 1.

Rajasthan 1, Calcutta Garrison nil.

Sporting Union 1, George Telegraph nil.

PROFESSIONALISM ALONE WILL HELP INDIA REACH THE TOP, SAYS MANKAD

"Gate" In League Cricket Forces Batsman To Score Faster

LONDON, July 21, (PTI-Reuter):

VINOO Mankad, the Indian test cricketer, who has already created some record by getting a thousand runs by the middle of July in his first season in the Central Lancashire League as professional for the Casleton Moor Club, is throughly enjoying English league cricket.

Mankad plays his last league game this season on September 3 and is flying back to India from the London airport on September 4, expecting to arrive at Bombay on the afternoon of September 5.

In an interview Mankad said, "I find the change from cricket in India to league cricket quite a big one, but not unpleasant. In India we play three-day cricket which is vastly different from the Saturday afternoon games here, and the interest and drawing power of your English league game far exceeds that at home. In league cricket a batsman has to score much faster than in test matches if the crowd is to be satisfied."

Asked what he thought about the chances of India against the British Commonwealth tourist team which visits India in the winter, Mankad was very non-committal. "I am looking forward, naturally, to playing in the games. The Commonwealth team will give their best and I think our boys will learn something from them and their technique which I think will suit be of benefit to Indian cricket. The Indian wickets will suit the tourists, especially the Australians, who are used to the hard wickets played on in India."

PROFESSIONAL BRINGS OUT TOP GRADE PLAYERS

On the question of maintaining a good standard of cricket in England, Mankad said "my personal opinion is that professionalism alone gives a country those men likely to make the grade and provide that competive type of cricket which we all want to see and which we have not got in India. In the past, I am convinced that many hundreds of potential county and England players were lost to the game because of economic circumstances in the home, which compelled them to work in the mill and workshop."

"Today, it is among the people who play the game for their livelihood that the best players are found in each county. I see no reason why English county cricket should not prosper. In the leagues, too, the entry of top-line professionals must have a beneficial effect on the clubs for besides providing good cricket their coaching should result in the youngsters having mistakes corrected in their batting and bowling which otherwise would go unnoticed".

Providing Mankad gets permission from the Board of Control for Cricket in India he will return to play for Castleton Moor next spring and then hopes to bring to England his wife and family who will stay in Castleton with him.

HOPES TO BE BACK IN ENGLAND NEXT YEAR

He has nothing but praise for the friendliness which has been shown towards him and his final words were," I shall never forget the hospitality which the people of Castleton have shown towards me and I shall look forward to coming back with my wife next year."

EFFORTS BY JAPAN TO REGAIN GLORY

Hectic Preparations For 1952 Olympics

NEW YORK, July 21 (PTI-Reuter)—Japan, anxious to compete in the 1952 Olympic Games in Finland, has reorganised its National Swimming Federation and has been conducting events to develop potential champions.

In an effort to get his country restored to its former preeminence in the swimming world, Masaji Kiwyokawa, national coach, has begun a round of conferences here.

Kiwyokawa, winner of the 100 metres backstroke in the 1932 Olympics, told Mr. Dan Ferrie, Secretary-Treasurer of the United States Amateur Athletic Union of Japan's efforts and also expressed great satisfaction that a 5-man Japanese team would compete in the American swimming championships in Los Angeles from August 19 to 21.

This team includes Kohishin Furuhashi, record-breaking free style swimmer in the 400, 800 and 1,500 classes.

Another Japanese coach, Mikio Oda, national track and field sports leader, is in New York seeking to accompany the strong American team on a tour of Scandinavia this summer.

After talking with the two Japanese, Mr. Ferris said he believed Japan would be successful in its endeavour to have teams entered in the 1952 Olympics.

He said the International Olympic Committee agreed in Rome this year that Germany and Japan should be readmitted to world sports competitions.

The organisation controlling international swimming, earlier had agreed upon such readmission, he said, subsequently the Japanese Swimming Federation was reorganised with the permission of General McArthur.

Before either Japanese or German teams could be approved for olympic competition, they must have the approval of the International Amateur Federation and the Olympic Committee, both of which have meetings scheduled for 1950, Mr. Ferris added.

The question of Japan's reentry into the world boxing arena would be decided at a meeting of the International Boxing Federation in December.

SHIVDASANI CLAIMS SINGLES TITLE

Table Tennis In Banglore

BANGALORE, July 18.—K. Shivdasani, the former Sind champion, won the Singles final of the Bourdillon Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis Tournament beating R. D. Sharma after a closely contested five-game duel today. The winner's greater experience prevailed.

Shivdasani, however, failed to clinch the doubles title. He, partnered by V. L. Krishnaswami lost in straight games to M. V. S. Vittal and K. S. Krishnaswamy.

The following were the results:

Men's Singles (final): K. Shivdasani beat R. D. Sharma 21-19, 16-21, 10-21, 21-7, 21-12.

Men's Doubles (final): M. V. S. Vittal and K. S. Krishnaswami beat Shivdasani and V. L. Krishnaswami 21-15, 21-17, 21-19.

Ladies' Singles (final): Mrs. J. Tarapore beat Miss R. Dhotiwala 19-21, 24-22, 21-19.

Governor To Play Cricket This Sunday At Poona

POONA, July 21.

The Governor of Bombay, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh will be seen in action on the cricket field in Poona next Sunday when he leads a side against Officers' Training School. The match will be played on the Officers' Training School ground. Last time Raja Maharaj Singh played in a cricket match, he led an India side against the West Indies in Bombay.—PTI.

Alec Tibbles Leads In Golf

ARROGATE (Yorkshire), July 21 (PTI-Reuter)—A brilliant 66 for a two rounds total of 138 gave 32-year-old Alec Tibbles, of Drayton Park, near Birmingham, a single stroke lead over the field at the halfway stage of the North British Harrogate 2,000 Guineas Golf Tournament at planted here and led 30 qualifiers with scores of 151 or better, for tomorrow's final 36 holes. Trailing along eight strokes behind Tibbels is the British open champion Bobby Locke, of South Africa, who finished a struggling round of 74, in a storm of rain and was on his own admission hitting far too many bad shots.

Locke's sole relief from a depressing round which shocked hundreds of spectators was a seven-yard putt for a birdie three (one under par) on the last green. This brought a broad smile to dispel the heavy gloom of his expression.

Tibbles hold a one stroke lead over George Johnson, of Sherwood Forest.

Johnson, a 15-1,2 stones professional striving for a place in the British Ryder Cup team shot a 69 for an aggregate of 140.

Sharing third place on the 141 mark are British internationals Max Faulkner and Frank Jowle.

CHANNEL CROSSER TO TRAIN AT DOVER

NEW YORK, July 21 (UPA)—Shirley May France will take 12 steaks, a box of chocolates—without almonds—and a few cans of fruit juice with her to England for the training period at Dover before she attempts to swim the Channel in August, but nothing more lest she be accused of having come with a lot of food while European athletes must do without it.

The pretty 16-year-old from Massachusetts is completely confident that she will complete Gertrude Ederle's exact route from Cape Grizney to Dover and do it in considerably less than Ederle's record of 14 hours and 31 minutes. "After Lake George last year I knew I was ready", Shirley told a press conference today.

She won a world's professional title at Lake George. Shirley's party, includes her father, J. Walter France, himself a long-distance swimmer, and her French teacher, Miss Mary Walsh, who will be her companion and chaperon.

HOSPITAL WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE

CALCUTTA, July 21 (PTI): Admissions to various departments of the R.G. Kar Medical College Hospital were stopped today in view of the threat of a strike by over 400 menials of the hospital from August 12.

The Superintendent of the hospital stated that relatives of patients, who could be removed would be asked to take them back on 12 hours' notice, while arrangements would be made for the removal of the rest to other hospitals in the city, should the strike materialise.

The hospital, third biggest in the city, has arrangements for accommodating over 531 patients in various departments.

The main demands of the workers relate to increase in salary and dearness alowance.

Further Enquiry Into Madras Tangle

MADRAS, July 21 (PTI): Mr. B. S. Murthi, M.L.A. (Madras), who returned from Delhi this evening, told the PTI that there would be a further enquiry into the Madras ministerial affairs inasmuch as Mr. Shankerrao Deo, who conducted the preliminary enquiry at Madras, had recommended to the Working Committee a detailed investigation into the matter.

HO-HO AGAIN Champion!
The energy and vitality so noticeable in the sportsman is a sure indication of glowing health. A sound and healthy body results from the correct functioning of many organs, one of the most important of which is the liver. The liver secretes bile, allowing the food to be properly assimilated and energy created.
If the liver is sluggish and does not function properly, the ideal remedy highly recommended by the medical profession is STEARNS BICOLATES.
BI-COLATES
STEARNS
B3

The Bombay Chronicle

Altogether, national hatred is something peculiar. You will always find it strongest and most violent where there is the lowest degree of culture.

—J. W. GOETHE.

SUBSIDIARY FOODS

Food plans and more food plans are the order of the day, and the latest plan is to grow more subsidiary foods like potatoes, sweet potatoes, bananas and tapioca. At a meeting of the Subsidiary Food Production Committee of the Central Ministry of Food held in the city on Wednesday a decision was taken to recommend the appointment of a Development Officer for each of these subsidiary foods. We do not know what circumstances demand the appointment of four different officers, but we wonder if it would not be better to have one officer for subsidiary foods, including vegetables, who would thus be best fitted to coordinate the growth of all these foods. We are told that the Officers are to tour the provinces, establish contacts with the growers, collect information about the cost of production and prices acceptable to them, study the extent to which acreage under these crops can be increased in different provinces and suggest means to achieve this. Yet the Committee is reported to have already suggested that efforts should be concentrated on bananas in Bombay, Bengal and Madras, on sweet potatoes in Bihar and the United Provinces and on tapioca in Bengal and Madras. The fact-finding work on which are to be based the final plans can be speedily done by provincial agencies and their reports may then be dealt with by the Central Body.

So far as Bombay province is concerned, Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, is understood to have already planned the production of 100,000 tons of potatoes and as much sweet potatoes by the end of 1950. Mr. Patil hopes that, if the Central Government guarantees prices for sweet potatoes, their production can be further increased. Already Government has brought under sweet potato cultivation 15,000 acres and further progress is easy in this direction. Some diversion of land from a cereal crop to a subsidiary food seems certain in most of the plans in question. This is likely to increase, rather than decrease the yield of food and its caloric value. But so much are people accustomed to use cereals as their staple food that a change from it should be fairly gradual and tastes are to be cultivated everywhere in favour of the suggested subsidiary foods.

Cloth Control

Mr. C. Perumalswamy Reddi, Madras Industries Minister, is reported to have hinted at the possibility of the Government of India revising its textiles policy in the near future. On the other hand, Mr. T. P. Borat, Textile Commissioner of India, stated on Wednesday: "As far as I am aware and I presume I ought to know—there is no likelihood whatever of decontrol coming in the near future." The fact seems to be that the millowners all over the country are carrying on vigorous propaganda against cloth control so as to create the impression that control will at least be considerably relaxed. For days past the millowners have loudly complained that huge stocks of cloth have accumulated and they suggest that the present control policy should be at least modified. Mr. Borat does not deny the accumulations but contends that they are exaggerated and seasonnal and that the millowners themselves are to some extent responsible for the stocks. Quoting figures to show that the bales of cloth packed in the Ahmedabad Mills during the ten months ending June 1949 have been on an average about 64,000 bales per month, he points out the curious fact that during the low-price quarter—January to March 1949—the average packing was only 38,000 bales per month. And he concludes that cloth packings "are being manipulated by the mills to avoid giving the consumer the benefit of lower prices" and that "had the mills continuously packed cloth from January 1949 onwards at a uniform rate the present accumulations and the consequent crisis could have been easily avoided." The Textile Commissioner is taking steps to have the stocks cleared. Facilities for textile exports have been made more liberal and the mills of Ahmedabad are permitted to sell all unsold May stamp cloth bales to buyers of their choice outside Bombay Province.

Differences between Government and the millowners are quite understandable, as is also the tendency among many of the latter to make maximum profit within the permitted limits of control. While those limits may well leave room for a fair margin of profit to the millowners as an incentive to production, Government should make it unequivocally clear, and that at once, that the present general policy of control will continue and that, while details of the policy may vary according to current needs, the essential features of price-fixation, the production of popular varieties of cloth and limitation of exports must continue in the interests of the consumer. So long as there is a shortage of a necessity of life there must be enough control to ensure equitable distribution at reasonable prices.

The Gag

The Municipal Schools Committee has done a masterly thing. Finding that the Committee which met once a week, did not do any work but wasted their time in discussing trivial matters, it has decided to meet once a fortnight instead. It was explained that by meeting for a longer time once a fortnight members could discuss matters at length. The idea appealed so much that another member proposed meeting once a month. It is a moot point whether weekly discussion of trivialities for an hour is less wasteful than fortnightly discussion of trivialities for some time more. But this does not seem to have occurred to anyone on the Committee. Nor was there any sign of the faintest suspicion that the fault lay not in the procedure and timing but in the members themselves. Perhaps it is asking too much to expect so detached an outlook in the Schools Committee members. The fortnightly experiment will no doubt prove revealing. One of the members rather gave away the show when he said that nothing of importance educationally was done by the members. It would be cruel to break up so pleasant a gathering but could not something be done to convert the Schools Committee into what it seems to have become already—a club?

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT—

CANTON, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek unexpectedly left Canton by Air today for Formosa, after a week's visit.

* * *

The Frontier Province has scored again. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar has been appointed Governor of West Punjab

And if the agitation for Pathanistan is continued, there seems to be a good possibility of many more Pathans being given key opportunities until the Government of Pakistan itself is Pukhtoonised.

* * *

By the way, according to one Karachi report, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar may not have advisers when he assumes charge under Section 92

That would certainly, be most interesting.

* * *

In connection with the subject-matter of the recent emergency talks among U.S. leaders, it is reported from London that Britain has reached a point in atomic research where she could produce the atomic bomb if she decided to concentrate on the problem.

We are greatly interested.

* * *

Britain, it is further reported, has not yet made such a momentous decision, and she wont "until no hope remains of getting the 'know-how' from the United States."

We are even more greatly interested.

* * *

The "Manchester Guardian" seems to favour making the Bomb because on two previous occasions the U.S. "shivered on the brink....when Europe was in flames" and "borrowing arms from non-belligerent America has not always been a speedy business in the past, even old destroyers."

We are now so greatly interested that the emotional experience has become agonising.

* * *

London, July 20 (U.P.A.): British emissaries to 14 countries in the Middle East will assemble in the Cabinet Room of the Foreign Office here tomorrow to lay the foundation for a new British Middle Eastern policy.

Digging out the old to dig in the new, so to speak?

* * *

Apropos of the report of a move to secure from the U.S. Congress a large secret "cold war" fund, it is suggested that the money will be used not only to back anti-Communist elements in countries south of China, but also "for anti-Communist elements in China to prevent Communist consolidation."

Sort of financing a fifth column after letting the first four collapse, eh?

* * *

Thus President Harry S. Truman: "Today the great quest of mankind is for a world order capable of maintaining world peace."

Which quest is also the beginning of world war.

EDUCATION FOR DEMOCRACY

By Humayun Kabir

THE ESSENCE of Democracy is the participation of the common man in the administration of the State. In Lincoln's classic phrase it is Government of the people, by the people and for the people. It is Government OF the people, for the people must have a conception of their own rights and duties. It is Government BY the people and they must have the capacity to govern. It is Government FOR the people and it must aim at what is good and desirable for all.

All these require an intelligent interest in national affairs, and not only interest but also knowledge about one's own country and the world. A man cannot properly use even his vote unless he is literate and the right to vote is only a first step towards administering the State. How then can there be Government of the people, by the people and for the people where the people are illiterate and cannot even follow the programme of the different parties nor appreciate the results of voting for one party or the other?

Literacy is, therefore, absolutely essential to the proper functioning of Democracy but it is not by itself enough. Democracy is certainly Government BY the people but this does not and cannot mean that all the individuals in a State must take part in every decision and act. Any attempt to do so would result only in chaos. You all remember the saying that too many cooks spoil the broth'. If Democracy meant that every single individual had the right to interfere in the actual processes of administration at every step, the 'broth' of social welfare would certainly be spoilt.

EQUALITY OF RIGHTS AND DUTIES

The essence of Democracy is the attempt to establish equality or rights and duties for all members of the community. It is the absence of such equality that marks an undemocratic society, but we must give a more precise meaning to equality. It means equality of opportunity but does not and cannot imply identity of function or enjoyment. Individuals differ from one another in a thousand ways. Equality of rights and duties cannot obviously equalise tastes and distastes nor imply that all men and women must do exactly the same things. It can and must imply that each individual has equal opportunity of satisfying his or her legitimate claims.

Democracy does not, therefore, mean a mechanical multiplication of individuals units— all performing the same functions and obligations. It means that there is equality of opportunity and equality of obligations for all. Whatever be the function of an individual in the State, his degree of obligation must be the same. More important the function must be determined in relation to his latent ability and not the accident of birth or station.

Democracy is, therefore, a type of society where the tasks of administration are allotted to individuals on the basis of their capacity and not on the basis of their birth or wealth. Obviously, therefore, the heed for leadership in a Democracy is greater than in any other form of society. That is why democracy insists that each man or woman must be given full scope to develop his or her latent abilities. Without literacy, the very first condition of democracy is absent. We must now go further and say that without a body of leaders selected on the grounds of character and ability, the vast amorphous mass of the people cannot act. Leadership in a Democracy is the cutting edge while the body of the people supply its mass and volume.

SPECIALISED KNOWLEDGE

Politics in the modern world is a highly complicated affair. With the conquest of the forces of nature, distance and time have been annihilated. In the past it was possible for small self-contained communities to live in comparative isolation from others. Today with the growing interlacing of world interests and peoples, such isolation has become impossible. The administration of the State has consequently become more complicated and requires specialised knowledge and skill. In a democracy it is the function of the universities to provide opportunities where this specialised skill and knowledge can be acquired.

Again, it is not merely a question of administration. A modern state must have well-developed industry and trade. It must be able to defend itself against aggression from outside and control law-breakers within. All these require knowledge and skill of a high order. To survive a people must continually increase their knowledge, and it is the main business of universities to provide for continual increase in knowledge.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

It is from this angle of preparing the different types of leadership necessary for the proper functioning of democracy that University Education in contemporary India must be planned. We are keenly conscious of how inadequate existing facilities are—both quantitatively and qualitatively. We have only 23 Universities and a handful of other comparable institutions to serve a population of about 350 millions. Great Britain with hardly one-seventh of our population has far greater facilities for higher study.

And when we look to the quality, our handicaps seem even more glaring. We all know the defects of the existing University system. It is in many ways unsuited to the requirements of the majority of the people of the land. Instruction in an alien language was itself a great burden on the pupils. To add to the burden, the educational methods were often geared to the production of linguistic pro-

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Dang Language Controversy

Ever since the decision of the Bombay Government declaring the language of the Dang district to be more akin to Marathi than to Gujerati there has been considerable, if ill-informed, agitation among some Gujerati-speaking people against that decision and its sequel, the transfer of the district to the Maharashtra Division. There is said to be a move in Gujerat to send a deputation of Gujerati language experts and others to Bombay to confer with Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. Morarji Desai urging them not to separate the Dang district from Gujerat. But these very ministers made a first-hand inquiry in the district, consulted linguistic authorities and arrived at the joint decision mentioned above. If the decision is desired to be reconsidered, mere vehement protests or one-sided partisan declarations will not be helpful. It will be far more reasonable for the oppositionists to publish a full, dispassionate exposition of the problem, both sides of it being impartially considered. The memorandum may well contain typical folk-songs of the Dang people and sentences from their common speech, so that the readers may judge for themselves whether the language is more akin to Marathi or Gujerati.

Avoidable Accidents

Some fatal accidents will take place in the best-ordered city, but so far as the hundreds of such accidents taking place in Bombay city, many of them are preventable. At any rate every effort must be made to minimise them. Out of the nearly 1,000 fatal accidents registered in the city in 1948 as many as 440 were due to railway congestion in the suburban trains. It ought to be possible for the railway authorities to reduce the number considerably by using more carriages and otherwise. The common excuse of shortage of materials seems to have put them into a mood of helplessness which cannot be justified. Deaths from road accidents can be reduced, by stricter regulations about the speed of motor cars. They can also be expected to decrease with the advent of "complete" prohibition, made really complete. Many of the annual stove tragedies can be averted if the persons concerned are carefully trained in the use of the stove and if safety stoves are more commonly used. Above all, those who have it in their power to avert accidents in general should banish the fatalistic thought that the common accidents are more or less inevitable and that efforts to reduce them are mostly futile.

Leakage

The publicity given to the news of spying by Pakistani Muslims in India suggests that the matter is not of a particularly serious nature. Mostly, we understand the trouble presents with those who having originally opted provisionally for Pakistan have returned to India or persons who returned on the ground that the fears which had sent them out of the country, were caused by abnormal conditions of rioting, and that normal life brought them back to India. We know of certain instances where a Government official, after opting for Pakistan, returned disillusioned to India and found difficulty in reverting to official life. The Government would be wanting in elementary caution if it did not guard against the possibility of leakage of information, there is no need to call it "espionage". It would certainly be the height of folly to entrust responsible work to persons who, whatever their qualities or qualifications, are torn in mind between two loyalties. Any mistake in this direction must necessarily reflect and react on the entire Muslim community and the consequences of such effect are serious enough to call for caution and deliberation in making key appointments.

Tito And The West

Where the Soviet Union, its activities and intentions are concerned conservative papers, especially those in neighbouring countries cannot be relied upon to be free from deep prejudices and alarmist proclivities. Reports of concentration of 250,000 Russian troops in the Balkans, as published in a Swedish conservative paper, can, therefore, be taken only with great reserve. The suggestion is that some military move by the Soviet Union against Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia is imminent. This seems to be hardly likely. The Soviet Union is too cautious to ignore the present international situation, in which any actual military adventure is risky because premature. But it is quite true that the tendency of the policy of the Soviet Union and of the Cominform is towards an eventual show-down with Yugoslavia not necessarily directly but certainly through the satellites of the Soviet Union that all but surround Yugoslavia. And it may well be as the Swedish paper suspects, that M. Vyshinsky's "disarming sunny humour" at the recent conference of Foreign Ministers in Paris was "intended to create a belt of fine weather isolating the West from the thunder-clouds, which will soon pile up over M. Tito." But it is for the West to decide whether it would be manoeuvred by M. Vyshinsky. The West need not be isolated from Yugoslavia and may, perhaps effectively, help M. Tito. But the condition is to forego the temptation of demanding an unacceptable price from M. Tito, that is, the surrender of his Socialist principles and programme.

Adult Literacy

Presiding over the prize-distribution of the Bombay City Social Education Committee on Monday, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister, rightly observed that though the Bombay Government had sponsored a comprehensive scheme of compulsory primary education, that scheme would never become a reality unless adult literacy also thrives at the same time. Adult literacy has a special claim on Government for this reason that very soon there will be adult franchise all over the country and that franchise will be a joke if the adult is not at least literate. Again, imparting literacy to adults gives good and speedy results at a comparatively low cost as adults, once made literate, help themselves more earnestly, than school children. Considering all these special benefits of adult literacy, few Governments in India have given it enough attention, the recent increase in literacy being due far more to the spread of primary education than of adult literacy. Some efforts are made in cities to spread adult literacy, now glorified as "social education" but rural areas are woefully neglected. We do not see why adult literacy on a voluntary basis should not be made a charge on local bodies as much as primary education is, it being understood that for both forms of education adequate grants should be made by Government. If private educational societies can be persuaded to take up the work of adult literacy, well and good. But when that is not possible Government and local bodies should step in and attend to this essential nation-building task.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Typhoid Menace

Apart from the seasonal inoculations and the leaflets pasted on the walls of Municipal and General Hospitals regarding the preventive measures of Typhoid neither Government nor the Municipal Authorities seem to treat the problem from the human angle. Isolation never was and is no remedy.

Typhoid is carried not by contact with the patient but by flies which sit on the infected refuse of cows, buffaloes and horses and also on the exposed stools and urine of infected persons. Milk venders are often ignorant of the basic facts of hygiene and they never wash their hands clean before milking, or keep their milk cans clean. Restaurants and eating houses are sources of infection.

Apart from Milk and Hotel stuff, Sugar, Salt and Tamarind are some of the things which by the very nature of things cannot be washed before use. As such one must see that their storage and distribution is done in a hygienic way.

Apart from preventive measures to check the incidence of the disease, a great need of the hour is more sympathetic and human handling of the men and women affected by this disease.

The Government and the Municipality would be failing in their duty if they cannot extend to the public the essential needs of medical and financial aid. The treatment required for this disease is prolonged and expensive. And if this epidemic strikes at a middle class or working class family it nearly leads them to bankruptcy. In such cases the Government ought to give some monetary help in addition to free treatment and hospital accommodation.

—M. N. RAO.

Post-Ban R. S. S.

If anyone were so ignorant and stupid as to imagine that the RSS had undergone any intellectual, moral, mental or spiritual change following the raising of the ban on the organization, he must by this time have reaped lost illusions.

The official RSS press is making out that the Government of India has at last realized its 'mistake' and has surrendered to the superior moral force of the super-patriots and national heroes of the RSS. The Bombay weekly clearing the RSS propaganda has, in the hour of triumph, thanked the Communists in West Bengal and Ashok Mehta and assumed that the ban on the RSS has been removed to release RSS men to deal with the Commupist menace.

The "victory" of the RSS is being celebrated in all RSS centres with 'Satyanarayan Puja' organized on a grand scale. It marks the gesture of thanksgiving not to Sardar Patel but to the fabulous Hindu deity which plays the role of 'destroyer of calamities' and vindication of truth.

The most interesting part of the post-ban RSS celebrations is that, while the Gujarati press has welcomed the removal of the ban with the publication of the picture of the reverend Guruji and the Marathi press indulged in a mental extravaganza of hopes and aspirations of the RSS, the RSS press itself is doing its own boost. It has published pictures of the Guruji's mother, Hedgewar, his aides and the hierarchy of the organization and burst into a paroxysm of verse-highly flown pindarics showered on the incomparable Guruji who has at last been released to save this country and the world.

It is recalled that Hedgewar had prophesied in Poona that the RSS was a "divine force' no mortal agency could obstruct.

The biggest joke is that the RSS is going to do 'cultural' work among the people. It really beats one to imagine what type of 'culture' the organization itself possesses that can be retailed. When the RSS ideology itself is based on a variation of the doctrine of obedience' and the concept of FUEHRERPRINZIP (leadership principle), intellect and reason must be exiles. The RSS has only its nebulous and mystical thought to offer and, on analysis, it is found to contain an imperfect and defective understanding even of modern history and political and social reality. That the men who themselves are groping in darkness they have themselves created should have had the audacity of wanting to enlighten and emancipate others is really grotesque.

—AMUSED SPECTATOR.

Victoria Drivers' Sangh

There is a Sangh called Victoria Drivers' Sangh, started about five years back ostensibly to safeguard the interests of Victoria drivers. Although it has been in existence for so many years it has not done anything for the benefit of the drivers. The undersigned was for some months the Secretary of the Sangh but tendered his resignation as he was not satisfied with the manner in which the affairs of the Sangh were managed. No proper accounts were kept of the monies received from Victoria drivers and it is alleged that there has been misappropriation of funds. Apart from supplying drivers with dresses and renewing their licences, the Sangh has failed in its duties to the members. There are hundreds of prosecutions against drivers every month for various offences and yet the Sangh has not engaged any advocate to defend them in these cases. Nothng is done by the Sangh to redress the various grievances of the drivers. In the circumstances it seems a new union with a proper constitution and Rules must be formed.

—SYED BALA MIYAN BHANKHAR-KAR

Conscript For "Grow More Food"

As an integral part of the "Grow More Food" campaign, Government would be well advised to utilise the services of the students for intensive cultivation. The city students will of course have to be ruled out of this proposition.

The youthful fraternity in towns and villages may be approached through the Principals of their institutions and cases of active co-operation with farmers in spare time may be recommended to Government for the issue of a sort of "Merit Certificate". This should imply that such a student would in future be eligible for preference in Government service.

Even if a fraction of the total students join up in this work for the benefit of the farmer and self, a good beginning shall have been made in a worthy cause.

—P. V. SURVE.

Dearness Allowance

Most industrial concerns have adopted the textile scale as standard in the matter of Dearness Allowance for daily wage earning labour in their employ as it is found to be satisfactory in general. But why should the Dearness Allowance for the monthly rated staff be computed for 26 days? Besides, why should not clerks and the technical and skilled staff be treated on a different basis? These men will be found to be drawn from the lower middle class, in respect of whom the index figures of the Working Class Cost of Living Index does not afford a true indication of the rise in their cost of Living. Many well-known foreign firms like Messrs. Caltex (India) Ltd., the Burmah Shell, W. T. Henleys, The Ford Motor Car Co., have all been treating their clerical and technical staff on a different basis from the labour who are daily-rated. Therefore Government should force all the business and industrial concerns that if Dearness Allowance is adopted on the textile scale, it should be computed as for 30 days and not for 26 days only, as in the words of Justice Kamrekar, it is manifestly unfair not to allow Dearness Allowance for the days for which the employee receives basic wages.

—LIFFORD GOES,
Secretary, B.S.E.S. Employees Union

Film Censors

That quite an innocuous bunch of persons should constitute a nightmare to the local producers as well as to their foreign contemporaries is almost an amusing fade-out! The Censors Scissors' almost comes to be magnified to the extent of the Sword of Damocles.

The Censors' Code of ethics may be open to criticism. But the simple fact remains and it is that the spirit underlying the voluminous list of "dont's" for the producers has been inspired by nobler objects. Whether the enthusiasm underlying the formation of so strict code of ethics is justified in a democratic age is quite a different issue. That the artistic points have been blurred due to strict censorship may be another. But the producers would be well advised to come as near the fundamentals laid down by the censor luminaries as possible in the interest of the masses and their own!

—C. A. MUZUMDAR.

OPEN AIR

Snails appear in such great numbers during the wet weather that one wonders where the manage to hide away during the long dry months. They are peculiar creatures—they carry their houses on their backs, and wear their eyes at the end of long "horns" which they can extend or withdraw at will. They come abroad mainly at night or during the rain but quickly disappear if the sun comes out, for their soft, slimy bodies cannot withstand the heat. To protect itself both from the heat and from the attacks of enemies the snail draws its body right inside its spiral shell, but even then it is not safe from all its enemies, for the glowworm larvae are particularly fond of snails, which they inject with some poisonous substance before finally sucking up the juices of their bodies. Many birds also attack snails, deliberately breaking their shells and thus taking away their only means of protection. Snails lay their eggs in a hole in the ground, and when the young snails hatch out and during the early part of their lives they are very vulnerable for their shells are very soft and delicate.

—D. R.

RESTRICTION OF IMPORTS

London Pact Outlined

DOMINIONS TO ISSUE AGREED STATEMENT

LONDON, July 21 (UPI).

THE Conference of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers is a complete failure from India's point of veiw. This seems to be the consensus of opinion in the Indian circles in London.

India and all other Dominions, it is now learnt, rejected Britain's request to cut their dollar imports by 25 per cent. What they are stated to have agreed was to restrict their imports, as they must, to some extent in view of the general dollar shortage, but they are reported to have made no promise on he category of goods or the extent of their cuts.

India, it is further said, strongly supported Britain in her determination not to devalue the sterling but did not support Sir Stafford Cripps' plea for opposition to dollar encroachment in the Commonwealth.

FOOD FROM RUSSIA

In private talks with Dr. Matthai, the British Chancellor of Exchequer is reported to have hinted that India might buy foodgrains from Russia, but this point was not discussed in the Conference. The forthcoming Indo-Soviet trade talks, it is understood, might tackle this problem. Britain, however, does not seem to welcome the idea that in the Indo-Soviet trade, there should be large sterling balance in favour of Soviet Russia.

Enquiries in this connection show that the current Indo-British sterling balance talks are making very tardy progress. Britain appears to be displeased that India is considering approaching the U.S.A. for a loan.

Meanwhile, India, in common with all other Dominions, appears to have been surprised at Mr. Bevin's statement in the House of Commons on July 18 and is believed to have protested to the British Government. Mr. Bevin's statement, they considered, was in effect an announcement of a policy totally opposite to one they had been discussing at the Conference. It coincided with their 'communique' which stressed Commonwealth's close association with Britain's economic policy, but they were not consulted on Mr. Bevin's statement which is the British Government's policy statement and stressed Britain's complete allegiance to America.

MATTHAI RETURNING

Dr. John Matthai, India's Finance Minister, left this morning by Air India International for Bombay, at the conclusion of the Commonwealth finance talks and negotiations for further releases of sterling and hard currencies for India during the coming year, (adds P.T.I.).

On the eve of his departure from London, Mr. Matthai said that he intended to proceed from Bombay to Delhi to report to the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the recent Commonwealth talks and India's sterling balances.

Originally Mr. Matthai had intended to stay for a day or two in Bombay on his way. But as he is already overdue for the Provincial Finance Ministers Conference now meeting in Delhi, he has cancelled his programme in Bombay.

Dr. Matthai said that after he had reported to the Prime Minister and the Cabinet, decisions will be taken by the Indian Government regarding sterling and dollar expenditure in the light of the discussions at the Commonwealth Conference. These decisions will be communicated to the U. K. Government, who will also be receiving similar decisions from the various sterling area countries.

An agreed statement may then be issued simultaneously from the various capitals regarding the arrangements made by the various governments regarding dollar cuts.

It is understood that India's imports in the past from the dollar area have been mainly food, heavy chemical and capital machinery. There is a possibility that additional food imports can be arranged for India from sterling area countries.

On the basis of the existing dollar commitments being honoured there should not be undue hardship so far as India is concerned if any future cuts on dollar expenditure are finally agreed upon.

It was learned that Dr. Matthai met Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, on Monday at the House of Commons, before the latter left for Switzerland on Tuesday morning.

Dr. Matthai continued his talks with treasury officials during this week.

It is understood that agreement on principles has been reached between Dr. Matthai and Sir Stafford Cripps on the question of sterling and dollar releases to India.

S.S.C. BUNGLE ECHO

Committee To Enquire

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has appointed a Committee, under the Chairmanship of Mr. N. M. Shah, Principal of the M.T.B. College, Surat, to enquire into the questions of the conduct of the last Secondary School Certification Examination and the defects attending it and to make recommendations for future guidance.

The other members of the Committee are Dr. S. C. Nandimath, Principal, Basaveshwar College, Bagikot; Mr. S. R. Dongerkerry, Registrar, University of Bombay; and Mr. S. V. Chandrashekhar Aiya, Professor, the College of Engineering, Poona.

Mr. Y. D. Khan of the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, is the Secretary of the Committee. The office of the Committee will be in Poona.

The Committee has been requested to submit its report to the Government as early as possible.

A CONTRADICTION

The report appearing in a section of the Press that the office of the S.S.C. Examination Board informed the parents of the late Forbes Homi Dorabji whose seat Number was 51.5365 that their son had passed the examination, is incorrect.

It was reported that this information was sent to the parents of the boy after he had fallen to his death from the Rajbai Tower subsequent to the announcement of the S.S.C. examination results.

Date For Lodging Claims For Citizenship Extended

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Goans, Pathans, Iranians and others who claim to be citizens of India and desire to be enlisted as voters in the Assebly electoral rolls may lodge their claims in the office of the Collector of the district concerned till September 22 next, says a press note.

Originally, the Government had given them a month's time, up to July 22, for lodging such claims, but has now decided to extend the time limit by two months.

The Goan Association of Bombay has made a strong representation to the Prime Minister of India protesting against the classification of the Goans as "foreigners" in India and urging that those Goans who reside in the Indian territory and retain their Portuguese Indian nationality should be treated as Indians.

GAMBLING DENS RAIDED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Five hundred and fifty rupees in notes and coins, a pack of cards and some satta slips were seized by the Anti-Gambling Squad of the city police today when they raided a room in Bori Chawl, Fanaswadi. Ramesh Kanayalal and twenty other persons were arrested.

Another raid on a gambling den at Tardeo led to the arrest of two persons. A deck of cards, some loose change and notes were seized.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Waman Mugund Patil a social worker and an officer in the Prohibition Guards and Abdul Kadar Karimdakhan an Afghan dealing in old clothes, were trapped by the Anti-Corruption Branch yesterday while allegedly trying to exhort 'hush money" from some of the residents of Koliwada.

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from P. T. I., U. P. I. and U. P. A. despatches.)

Western Berlin railway workers threatened to call a new strike on July 21 unless the Russian-controlled management lives up to its agreement to pay them 60 per cent of their wages in Western marks.

* * *

Crowds in Brussels shouted "Long Live the King" as Belgian Ministers and foreign diplomats left the Church of Saint Gudule after a mass on July 21, celebrating the 119th anniversary of Belgium's independence. Cries of "Down with Leopold" were also heared.

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Dr. Jaromir Smutny, who was Chancellor of Czechoslovakia at the time of President Eduard Benes' death, has fled to the American Zone of Germany, United States Army authorities disclosed officially on July 21.

* * *

The East Punjab Government has decided to open 36 new rural and subsidized dispensaries in the Province. Eighteen of them will be opened in Kangra district.

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The Allahabad Municipal Board decided on July 21 to recommend to the Government of the United Provinces to grant a plot of land in Allahabad to the local journalists' association. The land is for the purpose of constructing a building to house the Press Club and the library of the association.

* * *

Preliminary arrangements for the creation of the Central Tea Board, contemplated in the Tea Board Act passed during the recent session of the Constituent Assembly of India (legislative), have been completed. The Act will be brought into force on August 1, 1949, from which date the Board will begin to function.

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The Government of India have decided to establish a staff college for training of railway officers at Baroda. The college is expected to start functioning from October 1, 1949.

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The United Provinces Maintenance of Public Order (Amendment and Proceedings Validation) Bill was passed by the Provincial Assembly on July 21. The Socialists challenged a division when the motion for the adoption of the Bill was put before the House and lost it by 62 votes to 3.

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The Government of India have decided that all cotton manufactures except sewing thread, mosquito curtains and cotton yarn of between twenty and forty counts, will be allowed free export.

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Two police officers, who were entrusted with the investigations of a mob attack at village Manuar on June 24 last, have been suspended by the Superintendent of Police, Mirzapur (Benares). The charges against the two officers have not been disclosed.

* * *

The Syrian Cabinet on July 20 ordered all paramilitary formations dissolved. At the same time, the Government introduced compulsory military service and ordered military training in schools.

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Mr. Kalli Taippanna Shastri, a prominent Congress leader of Karnataka, died on July 21 following a heart attack. He was 55.

TEACHERS' ONE-DAY STRIKE MOVE

In Sympathy With Hunger-Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The North Bombay and Suburban Teachers' Association has called upon all teachers to observe a complete strike tomorrow to express their sympathy to Mr. B. D. Padwal, and Miss Yamna Mokashi teachers in a High School run by the Indian Education Society, who are on "hunger strike" since July 15 as a protest against their dismissal by the Society.

The Bombay Students' Union pledging their support to the teachers' struggle have urged students to strike tomorrow, backing up the teachers protest strike.

It may be recalled that prominent citizens of Shivaji Park, Dadar, including Dr. M. B. Raut, Mr. S. K. Bole and Mr. N. V. Modak Special Engineer of the Bombay Municipality contacted the management of the Society and the Education Department of the Bombay Government some time ago. The Education Department it is learnt told them that the Department could not do anything in the matter.

ONLY 200 A DAY CAN WATCH RAZVI'S TRIAL

SECUNDERABAD, July 21 (UPI):—The Court of the Fourth Special Tribunal will be held in the former British Military Hospital at Trimulgherry for the trial of Mr. Syed Kasim Razvi and others, says a press note issued today.

As the accommodation in the Court hall is limited, adds the press note, only about 200 persons will be admitted each day, provided they are in possession of a permit.

Applications for permits should be made in the prescribed form to the Registrar of the Special Tribunal at least six days in advance of the dates on which the applicant wishes to attend the Court.

Thirty-six seats have been separately allotted for representatives of the press.

CLASH IN KARACHI

One Killed

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, July 21.

ONE person was killed outright and some others received injuries following a free fight between two sections of local and refugee Muslims which occurred on July 18 in the Ramswami quarters.

The dispute between the two groups, it is said, arose over the occupation of a house which a Hindu had just vacated. The migrating Hindu had, probably, entrusted it to his neighbouring local Muslim friend while the refugees wanted to take possession of it. Soon, some people collected on both sides and a free fight ensued in which brickbats, lathis and even daggers were used. This resulted in the death of one person on the spot and injuries to some others.

Police, on getting the information about this tussle, rushed to the spot and brought the situation under control, before it could become serious for the whole quarter.

Five persons were arrested on the spot and the police are now conducting further enquiries in the affair.

Saksena Denies Breach Of Karachi Agreement

(Continued from Page 1)

ment of any policy we have relating to evacuee property only to the area defined in the January Agreement. The January Agreement referred to certain things which both sides agreed should be done for the purpose of facilitating sales and exchanges in the defined area. That is about all that the January Agreement did. Pakistan has not repudiated it and we have not repudiated it so that as things stand today, the agreement stands".

"We also believe that the problem is so vast that a solution of it can be found only at a Government—Government level. I it were a case of 10,000 properties or even a 100,000 properties, it might be possible to arrive at solutions by private negotiations between the parties concerned.

But the problem is so vast that unless each government takes over the proprincipie of government—government jurisdiction and then distributes it in some equitable fashion among the refugees who have come over to that Dominion, the problem will not be solved".

Pakistan, said Mr. Ayyangar, was hesitating about it. There were certain aspects of this hesitation which he could understand but once the basic principle of government-government settlement was accepted, every difficulty could certainly be faced by both Dominions.

NO BREACH OF KARACHI AGREEMENT

Mohanlal Saksena's Assertion

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, Minister for Rehabilitation addressing the conference said the question of evacuee property was the most 'outstanding one in the settlement of the problem of rehabilitation". He added this was the biggest hurdle in the way of the Indo-Pakistan relations.

Referring to the charges of the Pakistan Government that India had committed a breach of the Karachi Agreement by legislating for the evacuee property outside the agreed areas, Mr. Saksena said that even at the time of the Karachi agreement, evacuee property laws existed outside the agreed area in India and the Pakistan Government was fully aware of it.

Mr. Saksena refuted propaganda in the Pakistan press that the definition of the word evacuee would lead to mass exodus of Muslims from India. Only that person could be declared an evacuee who went to Pakistan and took "advantage of evacuee property there".

It was only those persons who had vrtually settled down in Pakistan who would come under the law, the Minister pointed out.

Giving a brief review of the negotiation between the two Dominions regarding evacuee property Mr. Saksena said that this question was taken up at the first Inter-Dominion conference held at Delhi in 1947. The problem was again examined by a joint official committee at Secretariat level in March 1948 and an agreed scheme was worked out. This scheme envisaged an exchange of agricultural property of Government—Government level. Provision was also made for the collection of rents of urban immovable property and their transmission to the other dominion, the valuation of the property by an official agency on request by the owner and facilities for exchange by the same agency.

It was also agreed that facilities for sale and exchange would be provided for by a joint official agency of the two Governments. Mr. Saksena explaining this scheme said that the Government of India was not fully satisfied with it as they wanted an exchange of all evacuee property on a Government to Government basis, but they accepted it as a compromise.

But at the meeting of the Ministers of the two Dominions in July 1948, Mr. Saksena said it was found that the Pakistan Government were not prepared to accept the scheme which they had agreed to only three months ago. The result was that an agreement was reached only with regard to moveable property. But even this agreement was not ratified by the Pakistan Cabinet. Mr. Saksena added.

The question was raised again by India at the inter-Dominion conference held in December 1948 but no decision was arrived at. The conference at Karachi in January 1, 1949 also failed to arrive at any decision regarding agricultural property. Pakistan only agreed to allow sale and exchange of immovable property in certain agreed cases. This was what came to be known as the "Karachi Agreement.""

A MAJOR BREACH OF PACT

Mr. Saksena said that another attempt was made to resolve the deadlock and they suggested that instead of a Government agency a private agency should be established for sale and exchange of property. Mr. Saksena said although they allowed the sale and exchange of property in India, Pakistan, on its part failed to reciprocate. This he characterised as a major breach of the Karachi Agrement, which was to be followed by many others. A notice issued in the Sind Gazette, he said, announced that the Custodian of Evacuee Property in Pakistan would take over all evacuee property. Pakistan issued an Income-tax Ordinance immediately after the Karachi Agreement making it compulsory for those leaving Pakistan to obtain an income-tax clearance certificate which was another breach of the Agreement.

Another violation of the Karachi Agreement, Mr. Saksena said, was the unilateral action to devalue agricultural property of non-Muslims instead of collecting rent equivalent to six times the land revenue as agreed. The Pakistan Government expressed their inability to recover anything more than the land revenue as rent. In regard to immovable property they proceeded to write off eighty percent of the rents due before August 15, 1948.

PITIABLE PLIGHT OF REFUGEES

Krishna Gopal Dutt's Plea To Government

Before the conference on evacuee property got down to business, Mr. Krishan Gopal Dutt, former East Punjab Minister drew Government's attention to "the pitiable and miserable" plight of a very large number of refugees in Delhi whose tents were flooded on account of the rain.

"They are lying shelterless on the roads", Mr. Dutt said, "one boy was drowned yesterday and three or four pneumonia patients are without shelter."

Mr. Mohandal Saksena, Minister for Rehabilitation, explained at length the difficulties of the Government and the way they proposed to solve the problem. He promised that the construction of tenements for refugees would be expedited.

The urgency of the problem was also stressed by Mr. Choithram Gidwani and Mr. Achintram.

Rana Jung Bahadur suggested the adoption of a billeting system.

Further discussion on the subject was pstponed till 1 p.m. Bakshi Tek Chand said that the proceedings which were held at room 63 of the Council Chamber were inaudible. Other representatives also complained about the arrangements made.

COMMITTEE

The conference set up a committee consisting of Mr. Choithram Gidwani, Mr. Bhanjuram Gandhi, Mr. G. Yodhraj, Sardar Ishar Singh and Mrs. Matthai and an official of the Relief and Rehabilitation Ministry to afford immediate relief to displaced persons living in camps in Delhi.

Bukhshi Tek Chand placed a sum of Rs. 50,000 on behalf of the Punjab Riot Sufferers Relief Committee for this purpose. The Committee will provide food and cloth to the needy displaced persons in the Delhi camps.

Reduced Fares On T.W.A. Lines

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Trans World Airline will institute, subject to Governmental approval, round trip fare reductions on its trans-Atlantic flights, effective October 1, 1949, Ed. W. Rankin, TWA's Acting District Manager for India, announced today.

The special round trip fare between TWA's United States terminals (New York and Boston) and the European gateway cities at Shannon, Ireland; Paris; and Lisbon, will approximate only a third more than the normal one way fare.

Tickets purchased at this fare will be good for a 60-day period. The special reduced fare will be offered on tickets purchased for travel beginning on any date from October 1, 1949 through March 31, 1950. All travel should be completed by April 30, 1950.

TWA's special round trip fares will be offered in accordance with an agreement adopted at the recent conference of the International Air Transport Association, of which TWA is a member.

Passengers flying from Bombay to New York and purchasing a round trip tricket will save approximately Rs. 540 when these new low fares come into effect.

Red Riots In Far East, U.S. General Says

WASHINGTON, July 21 (UPA)—Major General Claire Chennault predicted today that there will be a series of Communist riots and strikes in Far Eastern ports in the next few months.

Chennault released through the veterants' organization "Amvets" a secret Communist timetable for the Far East. He said the schedule calls for a Red uprising in Japan, especially at Kobe and Yokohama immediately also in the Philippines in September and October, at Hong Kong in October and November and at Singapore before Christmas.

Amvets Commander Harold Keats quoted the wartime leader of China's 'Flying Tigers' as saying that uprisings among ship and dock workers would be designed to prevent military aid from reaching non-Communist Asia and to give the Reds control of port facilities and, perhaps, even of the Governments involved.

Keats said Chennault cannot reveal the source of his information but that he would stand by his timetable "without equivocation."

THREE INJURED IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 21 (PTI): A scuffle between a gang of thieves and local residents in North Calcutta early this morning resulted in three persons being injured and removed to hospital. One person was arrested.

Five persons, believed to be thieves, entered the house of Mr. K. K. Roy, Director of Information, Government of West Bengal, shortly before day break. On an alarm by the members of the family, the intruders tried to run away but were intercepted by the residents of the locality. In the clash that followed, three persons received knife injuries and one of the alleged culprits was seized and handed over to the police.

P.E.P.S.U. Congress Chief Asked To Resign

PATIALA, July 21 (PTI): Three members of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Provincial Congress have asked Mr. Brish Bhan to resign from the presidentship of the Congress Committee.

Announcing this in a statement today, they said that Mr. Brish Bhan's leadership had been 'faulty" and had resulted in the "weakening" of the Congress organisation in the Union

People IN THE NEWS

SRI KRISHNA SINHA

PATNA, July 21, (P. T. I.): Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha Bihar Premier, Dr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister and Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Revenue Minister, left for Delhi by air today, to attend the Premiers conference and the Finance Ministers conference.

★

S. K. PATIL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, left here this afternoon by plane for Hyderabad to attend the meeting of the Sate Finances Inquiry Committee, of which he is a member.

The Committee will meet today and tomorrow to discuss problems concerning Hyderabad State Finances.

REVOLT IN TIBET?

HONG KONG, July 21, (PTI-Reuter): Reports of a Communist-inspired revolt in Tibet have reached the Chinese Nationalist Government according to the local Chinese newspaper "Sin Tao Jih Pao" today.

The newspaper said the Government was "preparing counter measures."

The reports did not state the location of the revolt, nor whether it was aimed at the Tibetan authorities or the Chinese Government which claims but does not exercise jurisdiction over Tibet.

Other Chinese reports reaching Hong Kong say that civil war on a major scale is threatened in Tibet, but suggest that it has not yet broken out.

R
WHEATFLOUR
Fresh stocks of overseas wheatflour have now arrived in Bombay. Their distribution to the bakers in Bombay City has already commenced.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
TENDER NOTICE

Tenders are invited for rate contract for a period of six months in the first instance for the purchase of Light Solvent Naptha, Spent Oil, Still Bottom Oil, Crude Napthalene ex-Messrs. Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur and Indian Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., Hirapur Works, Hirapur.

Tenders should be submitted in the prescribed form which can be obtained from the Information Officer, Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), 4, Esplanade East, Calcutta and also from the Disposal Offices at Bombay, Kanpur, Madras and New Delhi, at Rs. 5/- (non-refundable) per set in Cash/Money Order.

Tender Forms (non-transferable) contain full particulars of Stores, instructions to Tenderers, Tender opening date, onditions of Sale and Inspection Permit.

Tenders should be addressed to the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 16th August, 1949.

Office of the
Regional Commissioner (Disposals),
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.C.56

Stop Press

RED'S VICTORY

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21 (PTI Reuter): Theport of Siangshan, China's foremost deep water harbour, is now in Communist hands, Peiping Radio reported tonight. Occupation of the port followed the capture of Siangshan itself, country town of Eastern Chekiang province.

WATER ON REDS

SYDNEY, July 21 (PTI-Reuter):—Hoses were turned on Communist speakers who tried to address workers at several Adelaide factories tonight. The Communists were also pelted with flour and soot "bombs" and booed.

AHMEDABAD ARREST

AHMEDABAD, July 21 (PTI): Mahendra Shantilal, son of a mill agent, was arrested today under the Public Security Measures Act and detained in Sabarmati Jail.

FORGERS CAUGHT

CALCUTTA, July 21 (PTI): Ten persons, suspected to be members of a gang engaged in forging Indian and Pakistani currency notes, were arrested by the C.I.D. in raids on different parts of Calcutta and Howrah today.

And now to India...
BURD brings the correct rings
From BORG-WARNER INTERNATIONAL to India comes the full range of these precision-engineered Burd "Graf-flox" Piston Rings. For 25 years Burd . . . the original High-Speed Ring . . . has been made from the finest electric furnace iron treated with the Burd "Graf-flox" process to give outstanding performance and durability.
BURD
"GRAF-FLOX"
PISTON RINGS
F. & C. OSLER (INDIA) LTD.
Main Distribution Offices: New Queen's Road, BOMBAY 4. Tel: 26224
Head Office: 12 Old Court House Street, CALCUTTA
also at NEW DELHI, KARACHI & LAHORE

BOMBAY DYEINGS IMPROVE BUT TATA STEELS DECLINE ON PROFIT-TAKING

BOMBAY, July 21.

In the absence of any fresh development, the local Stock Exchange was quietly steady with restricted business. Bombay Dyeings gained few points while Tata Steel Defd. Shares again moved within a narrow range awaiting declaration of dividend: The meeting of the Board of Directors of the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. will commence from today.

Present quotations of Tata Steel Shares are based on the expectation of last year's dividend and majority of traders believe that Tata Steel Defds will touch Rs. 1300|- level. But in view of the recent steady rise in quotations buying urge is decreasing.

Tata Steel Defds opened today at Rs. 1232|8 and improved at Rs. 1242|8 under scattered covering but at the rise there appeared some profit-taking and Defds came down to the opening level. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 258|- and after improving at Rs. 259|- quietened at Rs. 257|-.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 995| and advanced at Rs. 1007|8. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 246|- and Svadeshi Mill Shares were done at Rs. 264|- Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 13|1.

Later on the market was narrow and Tata Steel Shares moved within a narrow range. Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 16/8 and Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 22/- Bombay Dyeings quietened at Rs. 997/8. Central India Shares were done at Rs. 203/- and Gokaks came in business at Rs. 234/- Simplexes were done at Rs. 151.

Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 141/4 while Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 173. Bombay Burmas were done at Rs. 257/8. Scindia Shares declined at Rs. 12/13 and Central Bank Shares were done at Rs. 78.

Towards the close there was increased profit taking in Tata Steel Shares Defds. declined at Rs. 1212/8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 254. Bombay Dyeings improved at Rs. 1008/12. The market closed irregular.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1008 12
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	242 8
Svadesh Mills (12-4)	261 8
Central India Mills (4)	201 0
Simplex Mills (3)	150 0
New Great Eastern (8)	125 8
Indore (9 plus 3)	115 0
Gokak Mills (12) X.D.	235 0
Century Spinning (15)	210 0
Colaba (12)	116 0
India Bleaching (6)	126 8
Swan Mills (20)	280 0
Finlay Mills (15)	235 0
Morarji Goculdas	432 8
Edward Sassoon (30)	192 8
Meyer (12)	110 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 8
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	10 0 6
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 8 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	156 4
Podar (S)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	254 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1211 4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	140 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	140 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	252 8
Belapur Sugar (9)	172 4
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-3)	23 0
Scindia Steam (0-3)	12 9 6
Premier Construction	79 8
Tata Chemical	8 12
Tata Oil (2)	45 12
India Iron (0-12)	21 12
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	16 12
British India Corp. (0-9)	7 10
I. Copper	1 15
Wimco	166 4
Alcock	237 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1442 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1360 0
Tata Hydro (3)	145 8

CASH SECTION

MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	51 0
Phoenix	135 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 8
New City (4)	147 8
Minerva (12)	112 8
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 7
Bharat-Mills (7)	27 0
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	153 12
Madhavji Morarjee (0-12)	14 4
Model Mills (12-8)	160 10
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	580 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	183 12
Western India (40)	5070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	45 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	242 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 0
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-9)	126 4
Ahmedabad New	45 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	132 8
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	7 0
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	46 4
Poona Electric Supply (S)	146 14
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	130 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1788 12
Imperial Bank of India pp (-12)	440 0
Central Bank	78 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	77 4
Bank of India (4)	175 0
Union	7 1
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	42 8
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	26 12
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-8)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4050 0
Empire (10)	525 1
New India (7)	54 0
Jupiter (1-4)	14 4
Vulcan (0-10)	11 8
Indian Mercantile (21)	33 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	17 2
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	112 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	220 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	97 8
Burma Petrol	1 5
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	63 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	130 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	32 8
Mukund Iron	19 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India X.R.	75 0
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	127 8
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (2)	137 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	110 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1310 0
Hydro Electric (7)	127 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	217 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	128 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	98 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyor	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 4
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref).	4 4
Paltan (8)	90 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mfg. (20)	160 -
Osmanshahi (10)	235 0
Azamshah	255 0
Air Services	5 0
Air India Tata	80 8
Hind Motor	3 13 6
India Steam	5 10

GOVERNMENT LOANS

	BOMBAY, July 20.		
2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	10	0
2½ per cent 1955	99	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	10	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	0	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	2	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	2	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	12	0
3 per cent 1957	101	10	0
3 per cent 1959|61	101	6	0
3 per cent 1963|65	100	9	0
3 per cent 1966|68	100	6	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	1	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	12	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110	7	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	8	0
4½ per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U.P 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.P. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	14	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, July 21.

The Local Bullion Market opened steady but improved on continued good demand. The Reserve Bank of India again turned down tenders which were priced at Rs. 164 to Rs. 165|-.

The ready Silver market opened at Rs. 165|8 and after advancing at Rs. 167|- Steadied at Rs. 166|8. Some 60 Bars of Silver were sold. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115|4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74|8: There was a rumour in the market that the Bank will not sell silver below Rs. 170.

Later on there was increased selling on lower upcountry advices and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Ready Silver	164	0	0
Ready Gold	114	0	0
Sovereigns	74	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 21.

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 620|- for September delivery and there was no official trading. Privately some business was reported at Rs. 621|-.

The market remained above the ceiling level whole day. New Crop was quoted at Rs. 585 to Rs. 587.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 584 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, July 20.

KARNAK July 65.75—130
KARNAK Nov. 56.25—25
KARNAK Jan. 54.05—
ASHMOUNI Aug. 45.20—20
ASHMOUNI Oct. 45.15 (plus) 13
ASHMOUNI Dec. 45.07—28

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 21.

The produce market was quietly steady with linseed showing small decline while Groundnuts were steady owing to small arrivals and grip of bulls over the market. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Kandesh quality	40	0	0
Coromandal ready	39	4	0
Bold ready	39	4	0
June-July	39	4	0
August-September	38	14	0
November-December	33	0	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	0	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	29	13	0
June-July	29	14	0
August-September	29	5	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	21	12	0
Ready Mills	21	8	0
July	21	8	0
August	21	5	0
September	21	3	0
October	20	4	0
November	19	0	0
LINSEED OIL—			
Linseed oil	17	14	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	16	8	0

ART SILK YARN PRICES

BOMBAY, July 21.

120 Ready Japan	3	2	0
150 Ready Japan	3	4	3
120 Ready Italy	2	14	0
150 Ready Italy	3	4	0
150 D. Box July	651	0	0
150 D. Box August	661	0	0

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 26th July up to 11 a.m. at all centres (Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Cawnpore). Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 29th July. Other conditions are as usual.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 21.

Tata Ordinary 255; Tata Deferred 1212-8; Indian Iron 21-8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16-8; Bombay Dyeing 1007-8; Central India 200; Gokak 235; Kohinoor 242; Simplex 150; Swadeshi 261; Tata Power 1445; Associated Cement 140; Belapur 172, Bombay Burma (Old) 252-8; Scindia 12-9; Central Bank 78; New India 54; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 21.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7 32 7th and 9th Month.
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305.
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52. 57-53. 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.
London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c.
London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons. 1-1/4 p.c., 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 15th July:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	251,99,68,000
Sundries	2,61,17,000
Total Rs.	266,50,85,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	90,72,03,000
Other Authorised Investments	10,14,10,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	24,35,30,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	77,67,36,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	8,76,44,000
Dead Stocks	1,56,55,000
Sundries	98,41,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	40,14,75,000
Balances with other Banks	12,15,91,000
Total Rs.	266,50,85,000

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 21.

MILLS

Apollo 2-8-3 2-8-6 2-8
Bharucha Defd. 4-6, 4-7
B. Dyeing 1000, 2-8, 997-8 1010 6-4 8-12
C. India 204 3-8 4-8 1
C. India Pref. 630
Century 209-6 10
Colaba 116
Finlay 235
Gokak 236 35-8 37 35
I.U. Defd. 1-8-6
I.U. Ord. 10-1-6 10-0-6
Indore 115
Kohinoor 247 45-8 46-8 42-8
Laxmi 593-12
Minerva 112-8
Model 160-10
Morarji 440 32-8
New Great 127 25-8
Podar 130 (Ex Div.)
Simplex 152 50
Svadeshi 264-8 65-8 63 64 61-8
Swan 280
C.P. Rly. 113

STEAMER

B. Steam 220
Scindia 13-2 13 13-2-6 12-8 12-9-6

BANKS

Baroda 120-8
Central 78-4 78 78-8 78
Central New 77-4 78
Imperial Old 1790 88-12
Imperial New 440
India 173-8 78
Union 7-1
National Saving. 35
U. Commercial 42-8 43 42-8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 126|4
Andhra Valley 1360
Suburban 128|12 30
Hydro 145|8
Power 1445 40 45
Power Pref 1312|8 20

INSURANCE

New India 54
Oriental 4050

STEEL

B. Steel 16|12 17 16|12
I. Iron 22|2 22|1 22|4 21|12
Tata Defd 1232|8 25 45 35 30 42|8 5 11|4
Tata Ord 257|8 57 59|8 53|8 54|8
Tata IInd Pref 140 40|8 40

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 247|8 40 37|8
A.C.C. Old 141|12 41|4 42 40
A.C.C. New 137|8 37
Belapur 174|8 71|12 72|8
B.B. Old 256|4 52|8
B.B. New 95|10 97|8
B.B. Petrol 1|5|6 1|5
B.I.C. 7|10
Dharamsey 32|8
I. Copper 1|15
Port Canning 63 62|8 63
P. Const 82 83 81|4 82 77|8 79|8
Shivrajpur 23
Tata Chem. 8|13 8|122
Tata Oil 45 46 45|12
Walchandnagar 127|8
Wimco 167|8 68|12 66|4

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 45
Alembic Chemical 146|4 55

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

Indian Overseas Bank Shares Decline

MADRAS, July 21.

Local share market remained steady.

Select textile scrips as also chemicals like 'facts' and Mysore Chemical Fertilizers and also Mysore paper in the miscellaneous section were in demand but business was hampered in the absence of sellers at quoted rates.

Chembra Peaks and Periakaramalais in the planting group had buyers while rubbers shares generally ruled quiet.

Apart from a drop of rupees two in Indian Overseas Bank shares the Banking section ruled firm.

Following are closing quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:—

SECURITIES: Government of India Three per cent Paper 98-6 Ditto 1986 98-3, Ditto 1953-55 101-13, Ditto 1970-75 100-1, Government of Madras Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 14-4. Indian 238.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 15-14. Mysore 39-8. Travancore 6

PLANTINGS: Blue Mountain 2. Chembra 4-3; Cochin Malabar 3-10, Devashola 13-12, Nelliampathy 0-15-6, Ouchterlony 4-10, Periakaramalai 17-4, Pullangode 0-14-6, Thirumbadi 1-6, T. R. and T. Co. 4-2, Waterfall 2-5.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 135, Ditto Pref. 189-4, Cambodia 9-2, Coimbatore CM 112, Laskshmi 62-8, Madura 36-8, Mettur 290, Radhakrishna 136-8, Rajalakshmi 53-8, Ranga Vilas 44-12, Trav Rayons 2-13, Trichinopoly 10-4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 66-8, India Cement 16-13, F. A. C. T. 3-12, Mettur Chem. 5-15, Mysore Chem. 5-15, Mysore Chem. Fert 8.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Trend On Selling Pressure

CALCUTTA, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Share market ruled easier on selling pressure with regard to the more speculative stocks while others remain unaltered

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 98/3 three per cent loan 1957 101/15 S Lots three per cent loan 1959/61 101/6/6 three per cent loan 1963/65 100/8.

BANKS: Hind Bank 22 United Commercial 41.

COTTONS: Basanti 6 SL Bengal Nagpur 17/8 Mahalakhsmi 1/4 S Lot New Victoria Pref. 4/4.

COALS: Bengal 396 Bhalgora 5/8 Central 4/10 Katras Jhriah 26/10 New Churulia 2 New Beerbhoom 13 Small Odd Lot Raneegunge 10/11 South Karanpura 24/11.

JUTES: Agarpara 12/4 (Exrights)

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2 Consolidated Tin annas thirteen Indian Copper 1/15 Karanpura Dev 21/9 Tavoy Tin annas eleven Calcutta Electric 16/6 Brit. Building and Iron 4/13 Burn and Co. Ordy. 205 SL Indian Steel and Wire Products 32/12 Indian Iron and Steel 21/10 Kumardhubi Eng. 7/2 National Iron 4/1 Steel Corp. 16/11 Ditto Pref. 119/8 Textile Machinery 6/4 Barrarree Coke 18/4 BIC 7/12 Dunlop Rubber 41/14 Martin Burn 13/7 British Burma Paper 28/14 Midnapore Zemindary 61 Shree Gopal Paper 9/12 Titaghur Paper 28/14 Mirnapore Bemindary 61 Assam Saws 6/3 Calcutta Landing and Shipping 11/4 S Lot India Steamship 5/11.

SUGARS: Purtabpore Co. 8/8 C. S. Lot Teas East India 12/8 Eastern Cachar 3/7 North Western Cachar 95 Pahargoomiah 275 SL Teesta Valley 17 S Lots.—(PTI-Reuter).

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, July 20.

T. T. London:

	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47 to	14.50

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 20

	£
British Consols 2-1/2 p c	75-3/4
3-1/2 p c Conversion Loan 1961	102-1/8
4 p c Funding Loan 1960/90	110-1/4
3-1/2 p s War Loan 1952	100-7/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-5/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Lond. Reg. Ex div	88-1/4
National Bank of India	33-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,143.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, July 20.

Bourse: Lack of news to stimulate buying enthusiasm resulted in an easier tendency with prices losing a few points to close at the day's lowest levels. Among industrials, Royal Dutch lost some ground after initial steadiness while Indonesians generally held steady at or slightly below yesterday's closing levels.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, July 20.

Bourse: Activity continued limited and the market as a whole underwent little change. Foreign shares, however, retained a firm appearance with British Oil issues well to the fore. The gold mining shares, Belgians, Dutch and Argentine, also attracted public interest. The domestic section was again dull but French Rentes were maintained.

NO TAKERS FOR COPRA AS SELLERS ASK 167.50 DOLLARS

NEW YORK, July 20.

Sellers were asking 167.50 dollars for copra but there were no takers. The previous price quoted was 160.00 dollars bid to 162. 50 dollars asked.

Spot Cocoanut oil was offered at 15 cents for immediate shipment; 14-1|2 cents for the first half of August; 14 cents for the second half of August and 13 cents for September.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES PRICES IRREGULAR

Close Higher After Drifting Narrowly

NEW YORK, July 20.

Prices for cotton futures reversed Tuesday's trend and closed slightly higher after drifting narrowly irregular throughout most of the session. At the close, the list ruled unchanged to four points higher compared with opening range of unchanged to eight points lower.

After extending Tuesday's late sell-off at the opening on profit-taking following the steady advance since the nearby July went off the board, the list turned narrowly irregular on hedge selling which met scaledown trade buying and short covering

Continued good inquiry for print cloth in the textile market and reports of fairly heavy rains at some points in the eastern cotton belt overnight were ignored as market factors. Volume throughout the session was very slow reflecting the confused situation at Washington on the Economic Co-operation Administration as far as cotton was concerned and an all-round farm legislation.

Closing prices included:

Delivery	Pr. Close	Opening	High	Low	Close
October	29.74	29.66	29.75	29.66	29.74
Decembed	29.74	29.60	29.66	29.60	29.66
March	29.59	29.54	29.62	29.54	29.60
May	29.47	29.43	29.49	29.43	29.47
July	28.88	28.84	28.95	28.84	28.91
NEW ORLEANS					
October	29.63	29.58	29.66	29.58	29.64
December	29.56	29.55	29.61	29.55	29.59
March	29.50	29.48	29.56	29.48	29.52
May	29.36	29.35	29.44	29.37	29.40
July	28.80	28.77	28.86	28.80	28.85

LARGER CROP

A good many traders looked for larger cotton crops notwithstanding the prospects that yields will be a good deal lower than last year, which to some extent will nullify the 14 per cent increase in acreage.

Some attentionn was given to a report from Washington that the McCaran amendment calling for a 50,000,000 dollars aid to Spain will pass the Senate and will find little opposition in the House. This development was said to have been brought about speedily after several Senators learned that the recent 10,000,000 dollars private loan will probably be spent for Mexican and Brazilian growths.

One operator said there was no question but the crop had deteriorated considerably recently and that the outlook was more or less in doubt, with the weather of next week or two to determine the outcome.

The market also will be helped if the legislative outlook at Washington continues to be favourable.

NEW YORK PEPPER

NEW YORK, July 20.

A firm price situation was present again for both spot and futures positions on the black pepper market in New York.

Futures finished unchanged to 200 points higher on the sale of a single contract in October. The current market, although somewhat confused, offered 1.11 dollars per pound for black lampong. Sellers reportedly were asking 1.12.

The novelty in the spot market today was the report that Indian buyers were in the market here for black pepper. At India, however, shipment price is quoted at 1.16 per pound and London reportedly is a purchaser at 1.14 dollars a pound from Malabar.

Closing price: July 1.17 asked; October 1.12 bid; September 1.12 nominal; December 1.02 bid; January .88 bid; March .77 bid; May .70 nominal.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, July 20.

Pepper prices hit a new all time high with Singapore demanding five shillings per pound avoirdupois for black lampong and seven shillings ten and one-half pence for white pepper.

As far as London is concerned these prices are nominal but business has been done in Malabar at 625 shillings per hundredweight with buyers still unsatisfied.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, July 20

Black Lampong jumped 10 dollars today to 318 dollars per picul exgodown on United Kingdom demand Business was reported done of 10 to 15 tons of black and white loose at about 5 dollars below the exgodown prices. White Muntok was three dollars higher at 421.

CHINESE DEMAND FOR SILVER

LONDON, July 20.

The Chinese demand for refined silver is rapidly growing to judge from the June trade returns which showed that 495,000 fine ounces were shipped to Hong Kong and another 125,000 ounces to China.

As far as the market knows the shipments are destined for the Nationalists and not for Communist north.

Total exports were a 12-month record at 3,269,000 ounces of which 999,000 went to Belgium, 300,000 to the United States, 114,000 to "Bahrein, Kuweit, etcetera," and 113,000 to Egypt. This activity in silver is unusual and it may be a sign of the times.

Imports were high at 1,863,000 fine ounces of which 348,000 came from the U.S.S.R. — the first in some months —, 500,000 from Australia, 314,000 from Belgium, 296,000 from France and 236,000 from Germany. Last year, Soviet Russia in three successive months sent a total of 438,000 ounces.

SILVER PRODUCTION IN U.S.A.

NEW YORK, July 20.

Silver: Partially reflecting the continued labour strike at one bullioner's plant which interrupted consumers supplies in the open market, demand continued firm. Another 250,000 ounces were sold at unchanged level.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 20

U. S. price of foreign silver 71-1/2

PRINT CLOTH VOLUME CONTINUES TO EXPAND

NEW YORK, July 20.

Although many buyers were hesitant to purchase textiles in Worth Street because of the current high prices, the volume in print cloth continued to expand.

Print cloth prices were firm and in some cases operators reported slight increase in price for some classifications. This represents the fifth business day in a row that print cloths have enjoyed increase volume at firm price levels.

Eighty squares were disappearing rapidly around 18 cents for spot and at slightly less for forward delivery as far as September.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, July 20.

Silver spot and forward both 43-1/2d
Gold bars fine per ounce £8/12/3
London price of exportable sterling area silver 67 to 68d nom.

Steels And Rails Firm In Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, July 20.

Stocks moved higher for the sixth time in the last seven sessions with activity in Commonwealth and Southern again the feature. Gains were not as broad as yesterday.

Trading in Commonwealth and Southern stock accounted for 243,300 shares of the day's volume of 1,380,000 shares or 18 per cent.

Business news on the whole was good and contributed to the rise.

Hudson Motors voted an extra dividend of of 25 cents.

Both Douglas Aircraft and Owen's Illinois Glass showed sharp increases in their earnings in reports released today.

The textile industry in North Carolina reportedly was having a sharp recovery.

Steels were firm. Rails were also firm. Utilities gained fractionally.

Closing prices: Stock	Price
Abott Lab.	42 1/8
American Export Lines	17
Bankers Trust	39 1/8
Bank of America	39 3/4
Boeing Airplane	18 1/2
Canadian Pacific	12
Celanese	26 3/4
Chase National Bank	33 3/4
Coty	3 3/4
Douglas Aircraft	59 1/2
Firestone	46
Montgomery Ward	12 5/8
Nash Kelvinator	34 3/4
National City Bank	37 1/2
Shell Oil	21 1/4
Southern Pacific	10 5/8
Studebaker	22 3/4
Transamerica	16 7/8
Twentieth Century	14 1/8

CHICAGO GRAINS PRICES HIGHER

CHICAGO, July 20

Grains were irregularly higher reflecting administration's efforts to extend the present 90 per cent farm price supports into January 1951. Wheat also responded to damage reports in the springwheat area and belief that the peak of winterwheat receipts is already reached. Belgium made the first purchase under the international wheat agreement with a cargo of manitoba wheat. Rain in the maize belt caused selling but oats were firm reflecting covering against export sales soyabean firm on buying by shorts.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, July 20.

July	2.00-3/8
September	2.04-1/8
December	2.06

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 21.

Previous Closing	29.74
Today's Opening	29.72
Difference	—2
Today's Closing	29.71
Difference	—3

LATEST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 21.

Silver Bullion	Rs. 164-8
Silver Mint	Rs. 165-8
Gold Ready	Rs. 114-8
Sovereign	Rs. 74-4

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 21.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining	28-1/2
General Motors	59-3/4
United States Steel common	22-5/8

United States steel preference unquoted.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, July 21.

Wheat 2/-/21/8, Gram 15/8, Barley 13/8, Bejhar 13, Maize 17, Bajra 20, Juwar 18, Guwar 12, Arhar Ready 13/8, Bhadon 13/8, Peas Ready 14, Bhadon 13/13, Urd 17, Moong 19, Masoor 13/4/15/8, Gur Ready 18/8, Fagan 11/3, Shakkar 19, Crystal 31/14, Khandsiri 23/30, Sarson 28/4, Tarasee 24/21, Oil 74/8, Oilcake 9, Groundnuts 17/8, Cottonseed 16, Oats 10/8.

Bardana Ready Red 98, White 120, Asuj 99, Sept. 114.

Silver 155, Gold 108/8.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 21.

Cotton Sind NT 90/8, Punjab 289/F 91, LSS 90, Four F 85. Market featureless owing absence of demand In new crop during past two days business about 4,000 bales reported at 75 to 76/8 for NT October delivery Bombay houses being principal buyers.

Exports 1,622 for Hongkong

Cottonseeds NT Ready 7/13, August 7/14/6, November 5/11/6. Easy Demand poor. Exports nil.

Gold 106/13, Sovereigns 60. Steady.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, July 20.

Although activity failed to expand, ar encouraging appearance was maintained. Colonials were sought but plantations were neglected. Coals and electricities made a satisfactory showing.

Govt. Of India Treasury Bills

BOMBAY, July 21 (UPI): Tenders for Rs. two crores of three months' Government of India treasury bills will be received on Tuesday the 26th July 1949 up to 11 a.m. at all centres (Bombay, Calcutta Madras and Cawnpore), says a press communique issued by the Manager Reserve Bank of India, Bombay. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 29th July, 1949. Other conditions are as usual, the communique concludes.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

Market observed two sided fluctuations but closed with a firm tone with the sharp bear covering.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 942; Highest 961.

Arvind opened 1282; highest 1374.

Ambica opened 377; highest 380.

Differed opened 1227; highest 1242; lowest 1205.

Closing quotations: Calico 958; Arvind 1374; Ambica 378; Differed 1213; Ramkrishna 196/4; Mahalaxmi 395.

WORLD COTTON SITUATION

PRODUCTION WILL BYPASS CONSUMPTION THIS YEAR

Competition From Synthetic Fibres Alarming

NEW DELHI, July 21, (PTI):

FOR the first time since the end of the war, world production of cotton will exceed world consumption and leave a small surplus at the close of the current season on August 31, 1949, according to the Indian Delegation to the 8th session of the International Cotton Advisory Committee held in Brussels, in April.

While global consumption is expected to fall two per cent below the 1947-48 level, global production in the current season is expected to be 15 per cent above the 1947-48 figure.

The Indian Delegation to the Conference comprised of Mr. R. G. Saraiya Vice-President of the Indian Central Cotton Committee as leader, and Mr. B. N. Bannerji, Assistant Commissioner for Commercial and Economic Affairs in Europe.

Some countries represented at the Conference held the view that unless steps were taken either to curtail production or preferably to increase the consumption of cotton world might be faced with a situation caused by a burdensome surplus cotton. Further, cotton was also threatened with competition from substitute synthetic fibres like rayon and staple fibre.

At the instance of the Egyptian Delegates the Conference adopted a resolution inviting the Standing Committee of the I.C.A.C. to make a special study of the world cotton situation and to suggest ways and means of bringing about an increase in the consumption of cotton and an adequate balance between production and consumption. The Egyptian Delegates stressed the importance of cotton and its price level to the economy of their country.

Most of the consuming countries—the U. K. and European countries particularly —were stated to have held the view that the world had been eating into its stocks for the past few years and that prices of cotton in many countries had reached levels which made it almost uneconomic to use. Consequently, the threat from synthetic and other fibres had become intense.

Among the large producing countries while Egypt and Pakistan were concerned about maintenance of price levels of raw cotton, the U.S.A. was interested in expansion of cotton consumption.

UNECONOMIC LEVELS

Although the Indian delegation realised the importance of maintaining cotton prices at a reasonable level, they shared the general feeling that in many countries these prices had reached uneconomic height. While in India prices had been controlled at "ceiling" levels, it was felt that the prices of Egyptian and Pakistan cotton could be adjusted down-wards. The Delegation also pointed out that some of the threatened surpluses in certain areas, such as the U.S.A. were due not to any absence of demand for cotton, but to other factors, including currency and exchange considerations.

Breaches On Simla-Kalka Railway

SIMLA, July 21 (PTI)—Communications on Simla-Kalka section of the East Punjab Railway were interrupted today as the result of a landslide occurring between Kandaghat and Sloghara railway stations due to heavy rains. Transhipment has been arranged.

G.B.S. Library For Sale

LONDON, (By Radio).

When the library from Bernard Shaw's London flat comes up for sale at Sotheby's this month, it will be seen that he is a great annotator. His marginal comments are typical of him. One in his Dante, for instance, ends with the criticism: "Except sexually only fools can love one another. I preach justice instead, even to those we hate".

The most costly book in the sale is his privately printed copy of Lawrence's "Seven Pillars of Wisdom" Previous copies of this edition have fetched more than £500. In his, Shaw has written some fresh information about Lawrence and a curious account of his own interview with Stanley Baldwin in an unsuccessful attempt to get Parliament to grant Lawrence a pension.

Shaw's Shakespeare (facsimile of the first folio) is also in the sale. On the back of the leaf containing Ben Jonson's well-known verses to the reader, Shaw has pasted a bust portrait of Bernard Shaw, and below it his own parody of Jonson's verse.

Singapore Collects Rs. 180,000 For Gandhi Fund

SINGAPORE, July 20 (PTI): A sum of 116,000 straits dollars (about Rs. 180,000) has been collected for the Singapore Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund so far.

'ANOTHER PERSON AFTER GANDHI'

Egyptian Official's Tribute To Nehru

NEW DELHI, July 21.

Abdul Wahab Mushtapha, Head of Technical Schemes in the Survey Department, Zaqaziq (Egypt) has presented to the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, a copy of his book "The Immortal Farouk ite Message."

In his letter to the Prime Minister, Abdul Wahab Mushtapha says:

"Oh, Great Minister: I saw the Moslems of India during the pilgrimage of 1367. H, speaking of your equity and your love towards them they are so loyal to Your Excellency; I heard them say that you do not differentiate between the Moslem and the other citizens of your progressive State and that Moslems and Hindus have equal opportunity in the fields of politics, economics, education and in the civil service. I thanked God who has destined another person to the Moslems after the immortal leader "Gandhi"; and that person is Your Excellency. All this has made me praise your name in Egyptian circles. That is why I am hereby presenting to Your Excellency my book as a humble gift."

Bombay Businesssman Sentenced

HAMILTON, (Bermuda), July 19 (PTI-Reuter).—A sentence of three months' imprisonment with hard labour and a fine of £6,144 was imposed in the Magistrate's Court here today on Murley Lalchand Mukhey, 39, who comes from Bombay, on charges of violating currency regulations.

Mukhey was found guilty of having more than 12,000 dollars which he had failed to turn over to the banks. He pleaded guilty to 25 other charges involving the payment of more than £23,000 to persons resident outside the Sterling area.

Passing the sentence, the Magistrate referred to Mukhey's previous conviction on a currency offence.

Education For Democracy

(Continued from Page 6)

ficiency rather than the development of a complete personality. Unrelated to the agricultural, industrial or commercial needs of the country, there was almost total neglect of professional and technical education.

HANDICAPS

Some critics of Indian Universities have also held them responsible for the movement of the people away from the villages into towns. This, however, is to be explained more in terms of the prevailing political conditions than the nature of the education itself. One factor responsible for the migration to towns was the larger opportunities of economic and social advancements the towns offered. Another was the greater amount of comforts available in them through the application of modern science. The third and the most important factor was, perhaps the variety of company and the greater freedom and flexibility of social life in them.

We must not, however, forget that in spite of all drawbacks, the Universities in India have served the nation well. They were centres of consciousness where the growing political and national life of the country came to a focus. Their defects were not so much of organisation and purpose as of the the circumstances in which they functioned. With the attainment of independence many of these handicaps have been removed, and the time has come when Indian Universities can perform their real functions in a democracy.

EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

The tasks of the Universities in independent India are therefore twofold. On the one hand, University Education must provide facilities for development to all who have the necessary capacity irrespective of their economic or social status. Till now, only a fraction of the abler children have completed their school education, a smaller fraction gone to the Secondary schools and only an infinitesimal minority to the Universities. Here also, those have gone who could afford and they were not necessarily those who would benefit most by University education. Wealth rather than ability has been the criterion which has governed admission to Universities. In the interests of free India, it is necessary that this must be changed and facilities given to every able man or woman to study according to his or her innate ability.

This hinges upon the question of cost. The provision made till now for University education cannot provide opportunity of free University education for all. In fact, we have not yet been able to provide free and compulsory education for all even at the primary stage. Nevertheless, if real democracy is to function in India we must find a method by which opportunity must be given to every able child to go upto the highest stages of education. This year, the Government of India have provided a sum of rupees ten lakhs to help pupils of Scheduled Castes and other backward classes. This, however, is only a drop in the ocean, but before we consider a method of dealing with the problem, I would like to refer to the second task of the Universities.

INTEGRATION WITH LIFE

The second task of University Education in India today is to effect an integration with the economic and social life of the country. Though some attempts have recently been made to enlarge the opportunities of Scientific and Technical training—the Government of India made a grant of Rs. 25 lakhs last year for strengthening 14 existing Scientific and Technological institutions and have provided in this year's budget 60 lakhs for the purpose, they have also gone ahead with their programme for the foundation of an Eastern Higher Technological Institute and have provided a further 50 lakhs in the current year's budget in accordance with the recommendations of te Scientific Manpower Committee. Provinces also have increased their grants for such education—till now University education has been largely academic and divorced from the realities of Indian life.

India even today lives in villages and perhaps must do so for as long as we can foresee. To integrate education with the country's life would, no doubt, involve a reconstruction of the Indian village. The application of Science can provide it with all the amenities which only towns now offer, so that the incentive for migration from the village would disappear.

If the second task is successfully carried out so that education is integrated to the demands of our lives, a way may be found for facing up to the first task as well. Gandhiji tried to solve the problem of educational finance in the Primary stages by requiring children to learn a craft. If children can contribute even partially to the cost of their education, young men and women at the University stage can certainly do so on a much larger scale. Pay your way as you go, has been an accepted principle in University education in the United States. There is no reason why we should not try to follow the American example in India. Even if this means a longer stay at the University this need not deter us, for what the young men and women may lose in years will be more than compensated by what they will gain in experience and sense of responsibility.

UNIVERSITIES' CONTIRBUTION

We must confess that tfll now the Universities have not contributed much directly towards either of these objectives but the indirect contribution of the Universities cannot be gainsaid. The fact that they have encouraged a spirit of inquiry and criticism is itself a great gain. They have also brought to our notice development in other countries and thus compelled comparisons between conditions here and elsewhere. This contribution of the Universities must continue to grow and, if in the new set-up we can as are planning to do, create conditions in which entrance to the Universities will be governed by ability and not wealth, and the curriculum of the Universities be so changed as to contribute towards the enrichment of the average man's life, the Universities will be able to play their real part in the evolution and functioning of Indian democracy.

All these questions are, however now being examined by the Indian Universities Commission under the chairmanship of Professor S. Radhakrishnan. Consisting of outstanding educationists from the United States, the U. K. and India, this Commission is now engaged in preparing a blue-print for the future of University education in India. It has surveyed our existing facilities and measured how far they meet the requirements of a new age. We are looking forward to its report which will serve as the basis for the organisation of University education in free and democra-

All India Radio Broadcast

S. AFRICAN DEFIANCE OF U. N.

Trusteeship Council Discusses Note

MEXICO AND PHILIPPINES CALL FOR ACTION: PRESTIGE AT STAKE

LAKE SUCCESS, July 21 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE Trusteeship Council yesterday debated how it should handle the recent South African communication informing the United Nations that it would submit no further information on South West Africa.

The African communication, in the form of a letter from Mr. J. R. Jordan Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union, to Secretary-General Mr. Trygve Lie, was on the Council's agenda today.

Mexico and the Philippines urged the Council to take some action on the communication.

Mr. Raul Noriega, Mexico, said the Council could not "blindly ignore" the situation.

"The Council's prestige is at stake", he declared.

Judge Jose Ingles (Philippines) submitted a resolution asking the Council to tell the Assembly that the latest South African communication "precludes the Council from exercising further the functions envisaged for it in the General Assembly resolution."

The Assembly resolution asked the South African Government to submit annual reports to the Trusteeship Council on the political, education, social, and cultural conditions in South West Africa.

Sir Carl Berendson (New Zealand) objecting to the long debate, said it was essential for the Council to pass some sort of resolution on to the Assembly.

The Soviet delegate, M. A. M. Soldavtov, requested postponement of the matter until tomorrow.

The Council approved by ten to one (Soviet Union) the British, delegate, Sir Alan Burns, as a member of the proposed 1950 Pacific visiting mission

M. Soldavtov opposed Sir Alan's nomination on the ground that he was opposed to any representative of the administering authorities being in the mission.

The Council also approved the Belgian nomination, Mr. Alfred Claeys-Bouvaert, for membership in this year's West African Mission.

"August Revolution Week"

JULLUNDUR, July 21, P.T.I.): The Executive Committee of the Socialist Party decided to celebrate "August Revolution Week" in East Punjab and Patiala States Union from August 2 to 9 at a meeting held in Rupar today.

MAKING DEMOCRACY, A LIVING REALTY

Vijayalakshmi On Free India's Aim

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit said in her first speech here as India's Ambassador to the United States "every nation must have freedom or all will lose it. In a world that is ever growing smaller, freedom is indivisible."

Mrs. Pandit addressed the Commonwealth Club on "India and democracy."

"Freedom would be meaningless unless it can be shared by those nations that are still under colonial rule where any democratic elements, through unrest, continue to get foothold on governments and a grip on peoples' minds", she added.

"Asiatic nations where Communism is at work are sending out sparks. These could fly to India and create a conflagration. Free America must hold to harness all the peoples of the world in a joint effort to build up democracy."

The aim of newly independent India, she declared, "is to bring democracy as a living reality into the lives of our 350,000,000 people." The Indian Government was trying to raise the people from the "grinding poverty they have endured for centuries."

Outlining India's plans to improve public health and extend literacy she said, "America can help through mutually beneficial trade agreements which would alleviate India's dollar shortage. America must also help to make democracy more than a word in other countries of Asia, for freedom and democracy in the West are threatened so long as other nations are not free."

Phone Threat To Kill Wounded Gangster

LOS ANGELES, July 21 (UPA): Additional guards were placed around the hospital room of wounded gangster Mickey Cohen today following a telephoned warning that mobsters planned a new attack to kill him.

The warning came as bickering law-enforcement agencies joined forces to find the gunmen who shot Cohen and three of his companions early on Wednesday just as the grand jury investigation into the tangled Los Angeles underworld neared the "indictment stage."

The anonymous telephone call on Wednesday night warned the hospital switchboard operator: "Be on your guard. We are going to come down and get Mickey tonight."

Cohen admitted he was scared. He said: "I am afraid not only for myself but for everyone around me—my wife, my friends and even the law. I have a feeling I am a sitting duck wherever I go."

Burma Fighting

RANGOON, July 21 (PTI-Reuter): Burmese Government troops killed 250 insurgents when they repulsed a three-column attask on the Central Burma town of Yenangyaung today, it was officially stated.

The statement said the Government troops lost three killed in the battle.

An unofficial report reaching here today said that pro-Government guerillas, spearheading Burmese troops, occupied Minhla, an important railway town about 90 miles north-west of Rangoon, on the Rangoon-Prome highway.

U. S. Rice Allocations For Next 6 Months

WASHINGTON, July 21:—The U.S. Department of Agriculture has announced that export allocations of milled rice from the United States for the period July-December 1949 will total 4,747,400 bags of 100 pounds each.

The following destinations are among those that will receive the allocations, given in numbers of 100-pound bags: British West Indies, 66,100; China, 440,800; Cuba, 2,424,400; the Philippines, 595,000; Saud Arabia 66,100; Ceylon, 213,700; and Malava, 198,400.

For Europe as a whole, only 396,700 bags are earmarked for the six-month period. This allocation is designed only to augment rice imports of the various Europen countries from other sources so that the countries may receive their full allocations for 1949, as establishment by the International Emergency Food Committee.—USIS.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

APPOINTMENT OF AUCTIONEERS

Director General of Disposals invites tenders for the appointment of auctioneers to conduct auction sales of Surplus and Salvage stores belonging to Government all over India on Regionwise basis for a period of six months from 1-9-1949 to 28-2-1950. Names of Regions and the areas covered are shown below:—

1. Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta.	Western Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Assam.
2. Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay.	Bombay Presidency, Hyderabad State and United States of Saurashtra.
3. Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Madras.	Madras Presidency, Coorg, Mysore and United State of Travancore & Cochin.
4. Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Kanpur.	Delhi Province, U.P., C.P. & Berar, Madhya Bharat Union, Greater Rajasthan Union, United States of Vindhya Pradesh, Patiala & East Punjab States Union and Himachal Pradesh.

Particulars of areas in each Region, in each of which a Panel of two or more auctioneers may operate and the conditions of contract are given in the Tender Form. The rate of commission payable to auctioneers will be as per schedule I attached to the Tender Form.

Tender Forms may be obtained from the office of the Regional Commissioner of Disposals of the region for which they intend to tender on payment in cash or by money order of Rs. 10/-/- per set (which is not refundable).

Tender Forms should be returned by the tenderers duly filled in and signed so as to reach the Regional Commissioner of Disposals concerned by 4 P.M. on 10-8-49 in sealed covers superscribed "Tender for Auctioneering Contracts."

Issued by

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS.

NEW DELHI.

NEW

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

REDS 30 MILES FROM CHUCHOW

Triangle Around City

HONG KONG, July 21 (U. P. A.).

FORMING an equilateral triangle with the strategic rail junction of Chuchow in Central Hunan Province, Chinese Communist Army units today appeared firmly entrenched at Liuyang and Liling, both about 30 miles from Chuchow apparently poised for an encirclement.

The Kwantung provincial arsenal, across the Pearl River from central Canton, exploded today blowing artillery shells and ammunition sky-high above the suburb of Honan.

The Nationalists admitted the loss of Ping Hsiang, a rail town 70 miles east of Changsha to Red General Lin Piao's 120th Division. Government dispatches, apparently are preparing the ground for further losses, emphasized the strength of Communist forces, adding that the situation is "uncertain" in several sectors.

The Nationalist Central News Agency reported from the southern Kiangsi front that Tai Wo, 20 miles south of Kian, was under strong Red attack.

The Government already is evacuating large wolfram stocks from Kanchow aboard 11 chartered planes. Forty-two tons arrived here Wednesday.

REDS CHECKED

On the western Hupeh front, the Nationalists claimed to have checked the Reds' drive southward toward Changteh, a strategic junction the control of which would give the Communists entry into Kewichow province as well as a complete encirclement of Chuchow and Changsha.

Red guerillas in Kwangtung Province also stepped up their tempo of operations. The Central News Agency said that Nationalist gun boats foiled a guerilla attempt to seize Swabue, a coastal village just 80 miles north-east of Hong Kong, after a two-day battle with Red land batteries. The agency claimed the guerillas finally retreated with heavy losses.

CANTON: In the Kwantung provincial arsenal blow-up, Officials feared heavy casualties in the third blast at the arsenal in three months. There were no immediate estimates.

The cause of the blast is not known. There were no bombs in the arsenal. The bulk of the stores consisted of 75 millimeter, 40-caliber and rifle shells and 20,000 rifles.

Officials did not know the fate of the estimated 100 troops on duty at the arsenal. They said some residents outside the huge wall which surrounded the area are believed to have been struck by hot pieces of shell casings.

8 RED UNITS DRIVE ON

A Government spokesman said today that 8 Communist armies are on the move in northern Kiangsi in two main areas east of Changsha and Hengyang, driving southward and westward from Nanchang and Anfu.

The decisive battle, which has been expected in the Changsha-Hengyang area, appeared to be developing rapidly.

Bright Future For R. I. N.

PACE OF EXPANSION "SATISFACTORY"

BOMBAY, Thursday: "I am convinced that the efficiency of the Indian Navy compares favourably with the Royal Navy, and I have no doubt when I say that the Indian Navy is likely to expand within a period of 10 years", observed Commodore Brown, Commanding the R.I.N. Squadron, in an informal talk to pressmen in Bombay this morning.

Commodore Brown thought that the future of the Indian Navy was very bright and expressed satisfaction at the pace with which the expansion of the Indian Navy was going on.

Commodore Brown, told reporters that the Royal Indian Navy squadron consisting of four ships, including the flagship of the R.I.N., H.M.I.S. 'Delhi', which returned to Bombay on July 8 after nine weeks' successful cruise in the Indian Ocean, would again be leaving Bombay for another two months' cruise in the Indian Ocean on July 26, where the Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, would also join the Squadron at Madras on August 8. The Commander-in-Chief would stay there.

SQUATTERS RETURN TO KURUKSHETRA

Get Free Tickets And Assurance

NEW DELHI, July 21 (PTI): Four hundred refugees from Kurukshetra camp who have been squatting in the compound of the residence of the Minister for Rehabilitation, Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, for the last three days in pouring rain were persuaded today to return to Kurukshetra.

They were given free railway tickets and one rupee per head to meet expenses on the way.

The squatters came here determined to get an assurance from the Government of India that they would be allotted land at Sonpat, 40 miles from Delhi. They also demanded cloth and a free cash grant. Every effort to persuade them to go back failed till today and they also rejected an offer of accommodation at Irwin Stadium during the period they chose to stay on in Delhi.

This evening they changed their mind and decided to go back to Kurukshetra on an assurance from Mr. Bhanjuram Gandhi, a refugee leader, and Mr. Govind Seth, Secretary of Rehabilitation to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that their grievances would be looked into.

Crash Enquiry To End Next Week

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. K. M. Raha, Deputy Director-General of Civil Aviation who is the Chairman of the Inquiry Board now investigating the causes of the recent K.L.M. Constellation crash near Bombay, said here today that the Board had made good progress and was likely to end its deliberations next week. It will then submit a report on its findings to the Government of India.

Mr. Raha added that five witnesses were cross-examined today. He said the Board also carried out evaluation of materials including personal effects collected and conducted further search for aircraft instruments near the scene of the crash.

Concerts Of Recorded Western Music

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The United States Information Service announces that concerts of recorded Western music, open free to the public, are being held on alternate Sunday mornings at the USIS Library, Adelphi, 3, Queen's Road (near Churchgate Station).

The next of these concerts, on Sunday July 24 at 10-30 a.m., will feature the works of prominent American composers including Aaron Copland, William Schuman, Don Gillis, Edward MacDowell, Ernest Gold and Roy Harris.

INTUC EXECUTIVE TO MEET IN DELHI

BOMBAY, Thursday: The Working Committee of the Indian National Trade Union Congress meeting in Delhi on July 23 and 24 will draw up plans for organising agricultural Labour, it was stated here today.

Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhoy, Vice-President, and Mr. P. K. Savant and Mr. Purshotam Thakkar, office-bearers of the I.N.T.U.C. left by the Frontier Mail this evening for Delhi to attend the meeting.

RANI MAHARAJ SINGH AT Y. W. C. A.

Rani Maharaj Singh speaking at the reception held in her honour on July 20 by the Young Women's Christian Association.

Serve It With Sweet Potato

AUSTERITY LUNCH

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Groundnuts and sweet potatoes were very much in evidence at an informal lunch given by the members of the Subsidiary Food Production Committee of the Food Ministry, Government of India, at the Council Hall today. The lunch was a part of the Government's campaign to popularise subsidiary foods in the country.

Among those present were Sir Manilal Nanavati, Mr. R. L. Gupta, Food Secretary, Government of India, Mr. K. R. Damle, joint secretary, Mr. T. J. Bhojwani, Regional Food Commissioner, Sir Lala Shri Ram, Chairman of the Subsidiary Food Production Committee, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister, Civil Supply Department, Government of Bombay, Sir S. V. Ramamurty, Mr. of Bombay Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, Government of Bombay, Sir S. V. Ramamurty, Mr. A. D. Golewalla and others.

Bread and chappaties served at the lunch were made with five per cent sweet potato flour, and five per cent groundnut cake flour. Several other articles of subsidiary food were also served at the lunch.

In a short after-lunch speech, Sir Lala Shri Ram appealed to all present to remove the misapprehension from the public mind about the subsidiary foods, which, he said, were wholesome and nourishing with all the necessary vitamins.

Mr. Dinkar Desai thanked the members of the Committee for the lunch and stressed the need for utilising the subsidiary foods. "That way alone we can make up for the food shortage in the country", he said.

OPEN AIR THEATRES IN INDIA

Sondhi's Plea For Revival

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. G. D. Sondhi, Deputy Director General, All India Radio, pleaded today for the revival of open-air theatres in India on the line of the old Greek theatres.

Mr. Sondhi who was addressing the staff of the All India Radio, Bombay, at its studio at Queens Road said, "If we really want to put culture in the common man, and cultivate in him a spirit of appreciation for our art, we shall have to adopt the wider technique of the open-air threatre." It was an institution suitable to India on account of its climatic conditions.

Mr. Sondhi further pointed out that the open air-theatre was very cheap and could suit the pocket of the common man. It would also do away with several formalities and difficulties that beset the raising of an indoor theatre, like gorgeous sceneries, lighting effects and accoustical equipment.

WORDY WARFARE BETWEEN BEVIN AND CHURCHILL

Wartime Premier Blamed For Present German Problem

LONDON, July 21 (UPA).

BRITISH Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin today placed the major share of the blame for the German problem upon the Casablanca "unconditional surrender" declaration of Winston Churchill and Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Bevin made the charge in the House of Commons debate on foreign policy and immediately precipitated an angry exchange with Churchill who, as wartime Prime Minister, joined Roosevelt in the Casablanca statement.

Churchill interrupted Bevin to state: "The first time I heard that phrase used was from the lips of President Roosevelt," "He referred to the term "unconditional surrender."

Ernest Bevin

Bevin retorted: "I never heard it until I saw it in the press. If it had ever been put to me as a member of your Cabinet, I would never have agreed to such a thing."

Churchill explained that he was with Roosevelt when the latter made the statement and "I had very rapidly to consider whether the state of our position in the world was such which would justify me in not giving support to it."

Churchill said he agreed although it was not his idea. He also admitted that if it had been put up to the British Cabinet and had been discussed, the Cabinet would have rejected it.

Other members of the House intervened to try to halt the angry wrangle on the grounds that it might have "grave international repercussions". But the Speaker ruled them out of order.

Bevin added that he was not complaining about what had been done but was only pointing out that when Churchill criticized the present Government's German policy, it was as much his fault as anyone else's. Bevin said: "All difficulties of remodelling Germany have largely come undoubtedly from that very grave decision".

He then turned to another policy for which he had been criticized—the dismantling of German plants—and sharply reminded Churchill that it was Churchill who had initialled the Morgenthau plan for pastoralization of Germany at the Quebec conference.

He criticised the United States for its vacillating policy toward Germany after the war and said he "resisted all arguments of the dollar countries. Bevin said: "America took one view one time and then altered it and then put up an entirely different proposal (on reparations).

RSS Dictator Talks Of Nation-Building

MADRAS, July 21 (PTI): Mr. M. S. Golwalker, R.S.S. chief, said today that the R.S.S. should henceforward direct its activities solely to ensure peace and prosperity in the country and face its problems bravely.

The R.S.S. chief, who arrived in Madras this evening, was addressing a meeting at Vijayawada in the morning on his way from Nagpur.

Mr. Golwalker appealed to his followers to bury the past and plan for the future. "All rancour and prejudice" he said, "should be eschewed and with love, affection and sincerity of purpose, the R.S.S. should forge ahead in nation-building activity. Much remained to be done in ameliorating the living conditions of the common man. The Government after all are your own and they need your support."

Mr. Golwalker after his two-day visit to Madras, will leave for Poona on July 23.

R. S. S. IN JUBBULPORE BACK TO WORK

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 21.

The Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh, the ban on which was recently removed by Government, has revived its activities in Jubbulpore with renewed vigour. Over 10,000 members and sympathisers of the R.S.S. gathered in Udakbhumi last night to accord a reception to Eknath Ranade, Sangh organiser for Mahakosal and Madhya Bharat who was released from jail last week.

Earlier, over 5,000 Sangh members took Ranade in a procession which passed through the city's main street in most orderly and desciplined manner. Addressing the gathering, Ranade reiterated Chief Organiser Golwalkar's statement and urged Sangh members to follow Guruji's instructions faithfully and loyally. The Sangh, he said, had passed through the ordeal successfully and the test had enhanced its strength and prestige manifold.

Seth Govinddas, President, Mahakosal Provincial Congress Committee, addressed about 150 district Congress workers at Katni yesterday and asked them to reorganise and revitalise the organisation in their respective regions.

NUTRITION OF THE PEOPLE

New Department To Make A Survey

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay is taking steps to assess the state of nutrition of the people of the Province. The work will done by a new Department established for the purpose.

The new Department, a result of amalgamation of the existing Department of Nutrition and Experimental Pathology at the Haffkine Institute, Bombay and the Nutrition Unit under the Nutrition Officer in the Civil Supplies Department and some staff under him, will be called Nutrition Department and located for the present, at the Haffkine Institute under the administrative control of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay. Dr. M. V. Radhakrishna Rao, Assistant Director, Haffkine Institute, will be in charge of the Department.

The main functions of the Department of Nutrition will be to assess the state of nutrition of the people in the Province by nutritional and diet survey; to find out the effects of the diets on their health, especially as regards sub-nutrition and malnutrition; to suggest a balanced diet from the local products in each district; to study diseases caused by faulty or deficient diet; to analyse foodstuffs of local importance and to study the nutritive value of foodstuffs grown in the Province and to initiate community nutrition centres and to study the effect of these measures on the nutritional status.

PROGRESS REPORT ON FAMINE RELIEF

Kasturbhai Lalbhai Meets Morarji Desai

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association reported to Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, at the Bombay Secretariat today the progress of the famine relief operations in Gujerat. Mr. Lalbhai is the Chairman of the Gujerat Famine Relief Committee.

Mr. Lalbhai said in an interview leter that Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Constituent Assembly was preparing the Gujerat University Draft Bill which was likely to come up before the Poona session of the Provincial Assembly.

He declined to comment on the statement of the Textile Commissioner who charged the Ahmedabad millowners with manipulating the packing of cloth bales and other irregularities.

"CLOTH SCARCITY IS ARTIFICIAL"

Mrinal Kanti Bose Accuses Mill Owners

CALCUTTA, July 21, (PTI): Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, General Secretary United Trades Congress, has accused the mill-owners of "creating artificial scarcity of cloth just when it suited their purpose in order to maintain high prices even by closing down mills."

In a statement he said that the large-scale accumulation of cotton textiles in Ahmedabad, Bombay and the South Indian mills and the scarcity in the market of these commodities 'brought into bold relief some of the worst features of capitalism."

'It appears from the statement issued by the 'spokesman' of the Textile Commissioner's Directorate of the Government of India that the millowners have been able to circumvent the Government's efforts to control prices and the agencies for distribution. It is inconceivable that the Government of India are unable to control them", he added.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

EVER since that great dignitary, Mr. Bumble, the Beadle made his solemn pronouncement to the effect that the Law is an Ass, that classic aphorism has been repeated and reiterated times without number. But neither time nor repetition has diminished its force. Each repetition, each new illustration has only made its savour more savoury.

People like the Law to be an ass. It is fun to see that pretentious upstart which rules our lives, making an ass of itself. Here is one more addition to the long and ever growing list of occasions, when the law discloses itself in its asinine aspects.

According to the Indian Penal Code, if a person has been known to be missing for a period of seven years and none of those who would normally know of his whereabouts are aware of his existence, he is to be presumed dead. And in this atomic age there must be any number of people who die without being known to be dead. It may be only seven years later that they can be legally presumed dead.

Even so, it appears they cannot be declared dead—not in India. Certain consequences follow from everyone's death. There is somebody waiting to succeed him, some people who have to inherit his property, to quarrel over the partition of his assets, to maintain long litigation over his effects and belongings. And if a man is missing, but cannot be declared dead, it creates a very anomalous situation. The anomaly becomes aggravated if there is a wife tied by the laws of matrimony to a man whose very existence is uncertain.

That is exactly what has happened in a case which came up before Mr. Justice Tendolkar at the Bombay High Court. A woman who is the wife of a British subject domiciled in England, lost track of her husband in 1937. She applied to the High Court for a declaration that he should be deemed to be dead. The application was rejected on the plea that there is no provision of law under which such a declaration can be made by the court.

The court suggested that, even if special legislation were passed to fill in the lacuna, the woman concerned cannot get the benefit of it as her long lost husband was domiciled in England. The only way for her, I suppose, is to go to England and ask for a declaration that her husband lost in Bombay 12 years ago may now be deemed dead. Even then one cannot rule out the possibility that British law will solemnly shake its head and say it can do nothing about a man who got lost in India!

How else can such a situation be described except by an emphatic repetition of Mr. Bumble's eloquent declaration: the Law, IS an Ass!

PROVINCES FAVOUR CLOTH DECONTROL

Textile Chief To Visit Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

Though the Textile Commissioner, Mr. T. P. Bharat, in his statement observed that there is no likelihood of decontrol of cloth in the near future, I reliably understand from business circles of Ahmedabad that the Central Government has received opinions from Provincial Governments regarding cloth policy, which indicate that the Majority of the provinces are in favour of decontrol.

It is further learnt that the Government of Bombay is opposing the lifting of cloth control since it has in its possession stock worth about Rs. 14 to 15 crores. So long as these stocks are not disposed of the Government of Bombay will not favour decontrol of cloth.

It is understood that the Textile Commissioner, Mr. Bharat, has been invited to Delhi on July 24 to discuss the cloth situation with the Supply Minister, Mr. Mukherjee. From Delhi, Mr. Bharat will visit Ahmedabad sometime during the first week of August to study the textile situation.

MUTT AND JEFF—It's A Good Thing The Place Hasn't Steam Heat

By BUD FISHER

MUTT, WE JUST GOTTA FIND A ROOM! WE'RE BEIN' PUT OUT-
THERE JUST AIN'T A ROOM TO BE HAD!
HOUSING SHORTAGE
DANGER MEN WORKING
MUTT! WHERE ARE YA?
HELP! JEFF! HELP!
DANGER MEN WORKING
OH, THERE YOU ARE, MUTT! DID YOU FALL IN THIS MANHOLE?
OH NO! I JUST HAPPENED TO BE STANDIN' DOWN HERE AND THEY BUILT THE PAVEMENT AROUND ME!
SQUAT THERE, MUTT! I'LL RUN HOME AND GET OUR STUFF!
?
BUD FISHER

CLOSURE OF TEXTILE MILLS

Industries Advisory Council To Discuss Situation

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, July 21.

THE closing of mills in various parts of the country is the important subject which the Central Advisory Council for Industries meeting here on July 27 and 28 will discuss.

The Government's policy so far has been to ensure production even by taking over industrial units under certain circumstances. The threatened closure of mills introduces new faction in the situation. It is largely due to the failure of provincial governments to take over their quotas in scheduled time and recognise dealers who had been appointed as a result of their default. The meeting will also review the transport position vis-a-vis industries, export and import problems with reference to their effect on industrial production, working of controls.

PRODUCTION TRENDS

The Council will be asked for its view on the Industries Development and Control Bill now pending before Parliament as also on the proposal to set up a Standing Committee of its own. Recommendations of the Development Committee will be discussed, as also trends of production during the first half of 1949. The picture presented indicates the tendency towards increase in production although in certain cases there has been slight decrease in production also.

AHMEDABAD: Seth Ramanlal Lallubhai, President of the Ahmedabad Millowners Association said here today that it was "definitely the responsibility of Government" to lift all cloth manufactured by mills according their directions and specifications.

"It cannot be a pleasure for any industrialist even to think of closure of his establishment", he declared in a statement, " and it would be much more embararssing if he is obliged actually to close it".

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